



*Nanosciences, nanotechnologies, Materials and
new Production technologies – NMP
Large EU projects*



NEW ORAL NANOMEDICINES: TRANSPORTING THERAPEUTIC MACROMOLECULES ACROSS THE INTESTINAL BARRIER

“TRANSINT”

Maria José Alonso

INNOVATION IN NANOMEDICINES AND EU FUNDING

VI Conferencia de Plataformas Tecnológicas y de Investigación Biomédica, Madrid 2013

How the TRANSINT project started...

- Research profile and background
- View of valorization models in therapeutics
- The key elements of the TRANSINT consortium

Where we are now...

OUR RESEARCH PROFILE

1992- NANOPHARMACEUTICALS



NANOTECHNOLOGIES NANOCOMPOSITIONS DESIGN

Polyesters, Polysaccharides
Polypeptides, Proteins
Lipids

FORMULATION OF COMPLEX MOLECULES

Peptides: sCT, Insulin, Ag...
Proteins: IFN, FGF, Ag...
DNA, siRNA,
miRNA

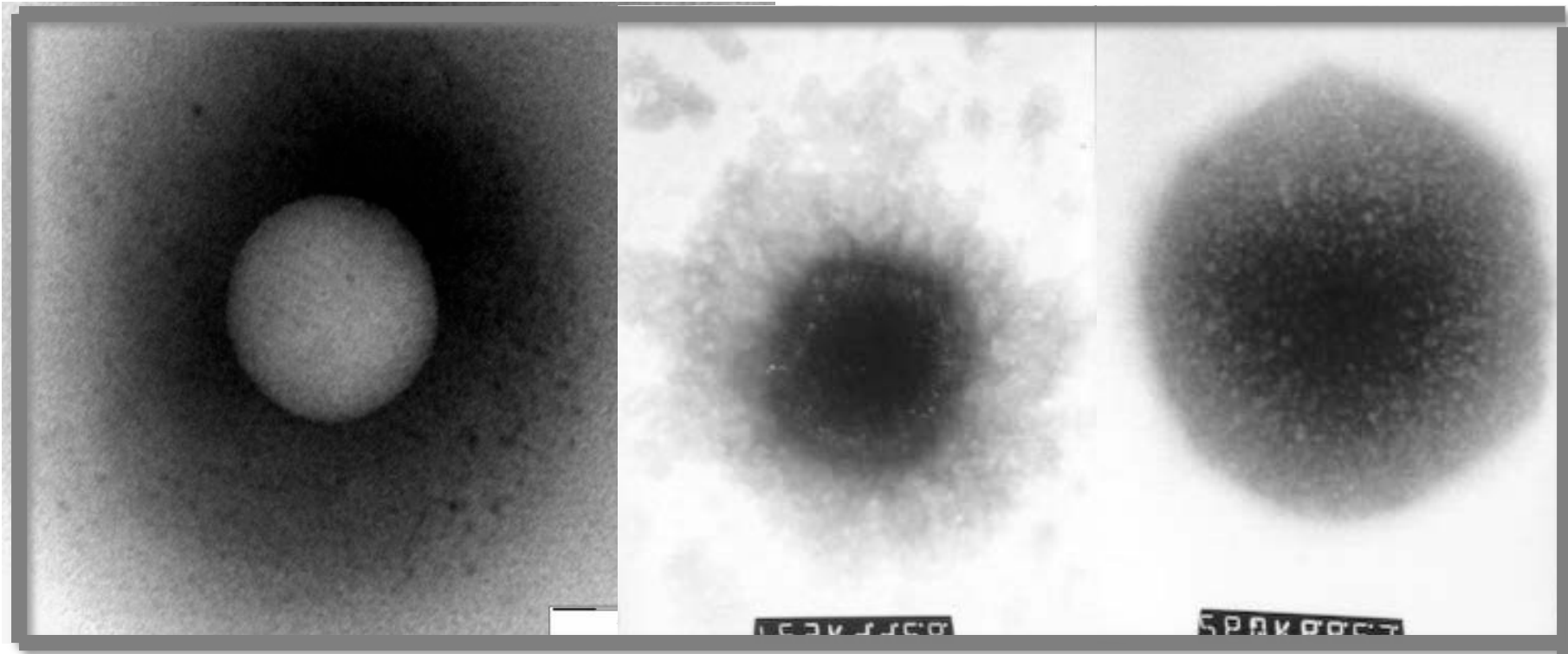
Oral Delivery
Nasal Delivery
Ocular Delivery
Parenteral Delivery

OVERCOMING BIOLOGICAL BARRIERS

OUR RESEARCH PROFILE

Technology-driven goal:

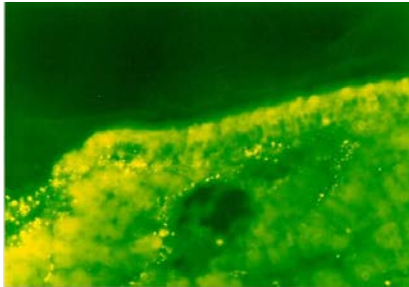
The rational design of delivery systems for helping complex molecules to overcome biological barriers



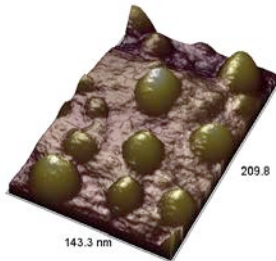
OUR RESEARCH PROFILE

OVERALL GOAL: the translation of ideas from the university through novel pharmaceutical nanotechnology.

Oral/Nasal peptide Delivery

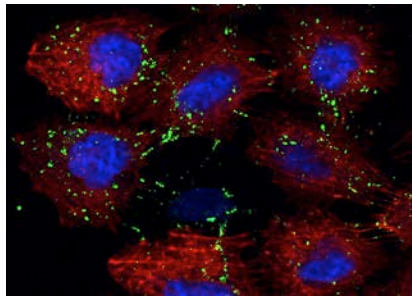


Brain Delivery



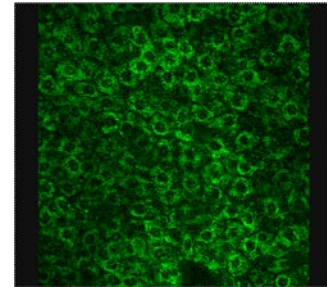
Cancer

Targeted therapies
Immunomodulation
Gene therapies



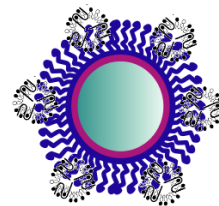
Transdermal Drug Delivery

Ocular Drug delivery



Nanovaccines

Adjuvants
Needle-free vaccination

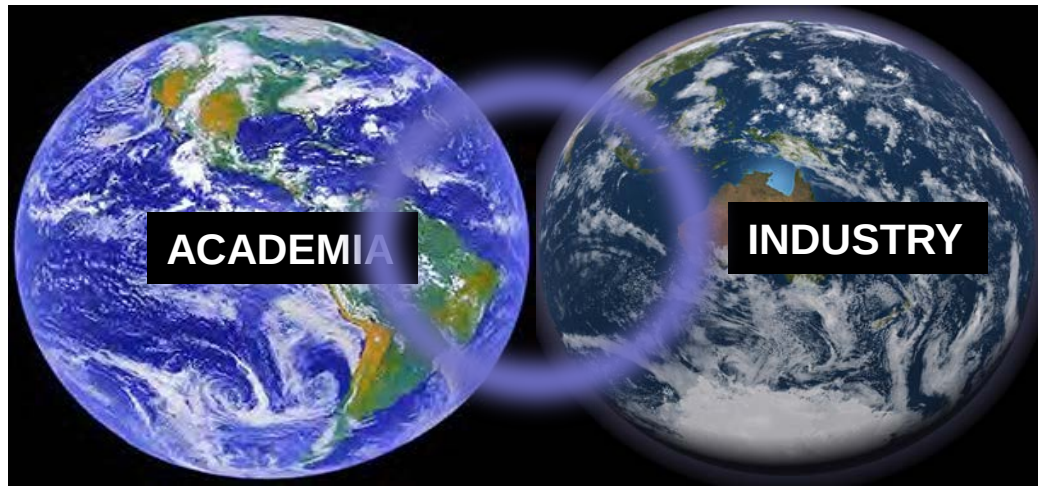


OUR RESEARCH PROFILE

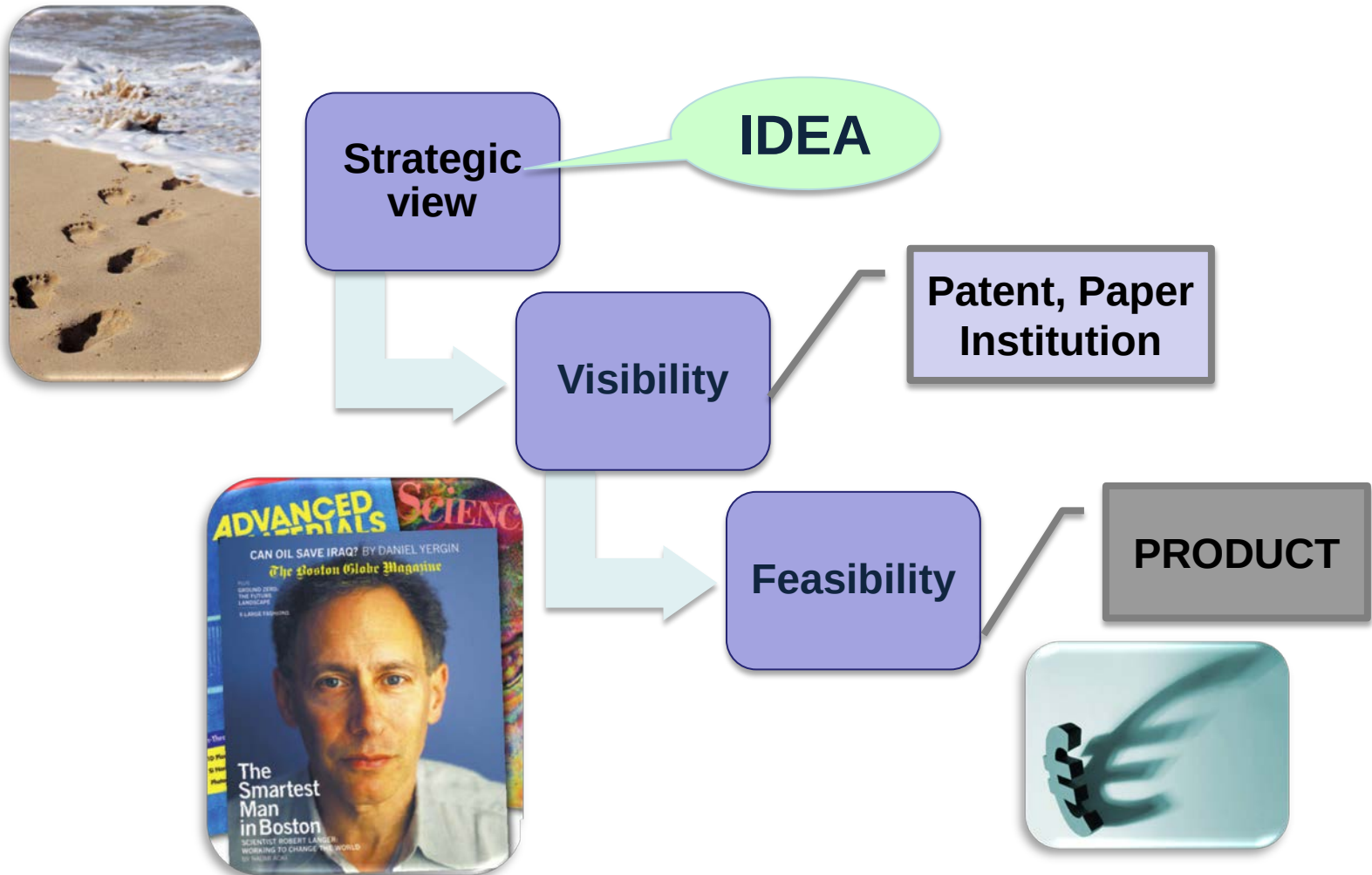
OVERALL GOAL: the translation of ideas from the university through novel pharmaceutical nanotechnology.

VALORIZATION MODELS IN THERAPEUTICS

IDEAS → KNOWLEDGE → VALUE
←



BARRIERS IN THE TRASLATION/VALORIZATION PATH



INDUSTRY-ACADEMIA COLLABORATIVE MODELS

THE PAST: **PASIVE MODEL**

THE PRESENT: **ACTIVE MODEL**



SUBCONTRACTING ACTIVITIES

Industry => Academy (desmotivation)

LICENCING IP

Academia => Industry (limited industry input)

Restricted

UNIVERSITY SPIN-OFFs
(restricted)



THE SINERGISTIC MODEL

THE CONSORTIA MODEL:

US model 

EU model

Ej. TRANSINT



THE KEY ELEMENTS OF THE TRANSINT CONSORTIUM

1. The call:

WORK Program COOPERATION-THEME 4-NMP
NMP.2011.1.2-2 New targeted therapy using
nanotechnology for transport of macromolecules
across biological barriers

2. The industry needs

New complex molecules, i.e. peptides
Oral Drug Delivery?

3. The adequate partners selection

Best pharmaceutical nanotech
Complementary expertise



THE INDUSTRY NEED: ORAL PEPTIDE DELIVERY STRATEGIES (18)

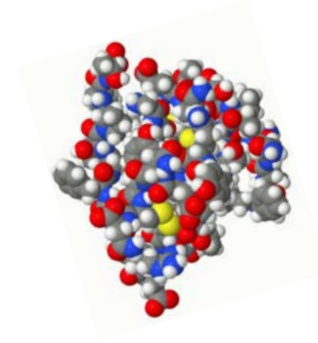
Company	Technology	Phase
UNIGENE/Tarsa Therapeutics (USA)   UNIGENE/GSK 	Enteripep™: solid dosage oral delivery formulation containing a protease inhibitor (coated citric acid), an absorption enhancer (lauroyl carnitine), a non ionic polymer) and an enteric coat (Eudragit L30 D-55)	CALCITONIN (OSTORA™): successful Phase III trials (NDA and MAA submissions to FDA and EMA in process) PTH analog: Phase II (2011-2012, unpublished results)
ORAMED (Israel) 	Formulations containing protease inhibitors*, Omega-3 fatty acids,... encapsulated in soft-gel enteric capsules *SBTI (a soybean extract trypsin inhibitor) and Aprotinin	INSULIN: FDA-approved Phase II Trial in the U.S. IND FDA application, 2012. GLP1 analog (EXENATIDE): Phase Ib/IIa
MERRION Pharma (Ireland)/ Novo Nordisk (Denmark)  	GIPET®: oral tablet/capsule formulations of API and patented absorption enhancers (medium chain fatty acids or derivatives*) + a DAC inhibitor *e.g. C10 fatty acid caprate, FDA/FAO/WHO approved GRAS additive	GLP-1 Analogue (NN9926): successful Phase I trial, October, 2012 INSULIN (NN1953): successful Phase I trial, February, 2012
OSHADI DRUG ADM LTD. (Israel)	Silica nanoparticles having a hydrophobic surface, a polysaccharide, and insulin	INSULIN: Phase I (February, 2011), undisclosed results

Company	Technology	Phase
EMISPHERE (USA)/ NOVARTIS   EMISPHERE/NOVO NORDISK 	Eligen™ Technology: proprietary delivery agents. Most of them are amido acids. * e.g. SNAC (Sodium N-[8-(2-hydroxybenzoyl)amino]caprylate), achieved GRAS status in the US	CALCITONIN: 3 Phase III trials in 2011, failure efficacy endpoints PTH: Phase I (2010), failure clinical endpoints rhGH: successful Phase I, discont INSULIN: Development and license agreement (2010). GLP-1 receptor agonists: currently in Phase I
Bone Medical Dial 	Axcess Oral Delivery Tech.: use of aromatic alcohols (GRAS listed) as absorption enhancers	CALCITONIN, PHT: Phase II INSULIN (Capsulin™): Phase II (2008, discontinued)
Biocon (India)  	Oligomer linked PEG units attached to peptide	INSULIN: Phase III clinical trials in India. Nov. 2012: agreement with Bristol-Myers Squibb, new clinical trials to be conducted.
Chiasma (Israel) 	Transient Permeability Enhancer tech. (TPE): C8 fatty acids (GRAS) in an oily suspension.	OCTREOTIDE: Phase III (acromegaly) and Phase II (neuroendocrine tumor)
Zydus Cadilla Research Center	Novel orally bioavailable peptidomimetics	GLP-1 analog: early phase clinical studies PTH1R receptor agonist: Phase I

THE INDUSTRY NEED: ORAL PEPTIDE DELIVERY STRATEGIES

Company	Technology	Phase
NOD Pharmaceuticals (USA) 	Nanoparticle oral delivery (NOD) : bioadhesive nanoparticles	INSULIN (Nodlin): currently Phase I in China
Tamarisk Technologies (USA) 	Serum-Specific Nano-Encapsulate particles (SSNe): polymeric vehicles of alginate and a transmucosal enhancer covalently conjugated (Coenzyme Q10, geraniol, vit A and E, etc)	INSULIN: attempting Phase III Other peptides Bioavailability > 90%
Access Pharmaceuticals (USA) 	Cobalamin™ Oral nanoparticles: attachment of Cobalamin to drugs, polymers containing drugs or nanoparticles	INSULIN and hGH: <u>Preclinical</u>
Transgene Biotech (India) 	TrabiOral™: A polymerized solid lipid nanoparticle system comprising lipids and long chain fatty acids, a therapeutic protein or peptide, a lectin and at least one polymer	INSULIN: <u>Preclinical</u> (good results, 2012) Other peptides
NanoMega medical Co. 	Chitosan/Gamma poly glutamic acid nanoparticles	INSULIN: <u>Preclinical</u> , leading to initial human clinicals

THE INDUSTRY NEED: ORAL PEPTIDE DELIVERY



Insulin

IDENTIFICATION OF THE PROJECT:

- >1000 peptides are marketed or under clinical evaluation, 2 (cyclosporin A and desmopresine) are administered orally.

THE DIFFICULTIES:

- Several oral insulin formulations developed in the last decades (hundreds of papers)
- Several products in clinical development

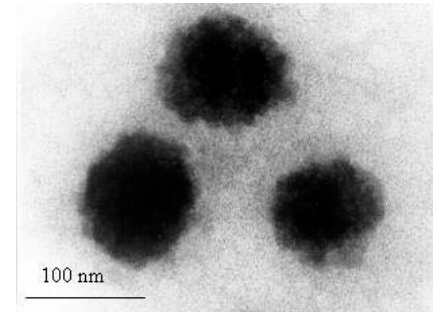
THE POTENTIAL OF NANOCARRIERS:

- Scarce and scattered knowledge about the mechanistic issues and toxicological aspects => limited rational design.
- Most nanocarriers disclosed have little chance to reach clinical development as they are made of expensive materials with a non-proven safety record.

TRANSINT aims to generate integrative multidisciplinary knowledge and to apply it to the rational development of oral peptide nanopharmaceuticals.

TRANSINT CONCEPT:

THE DESIGN OF NANOCARRIERS:



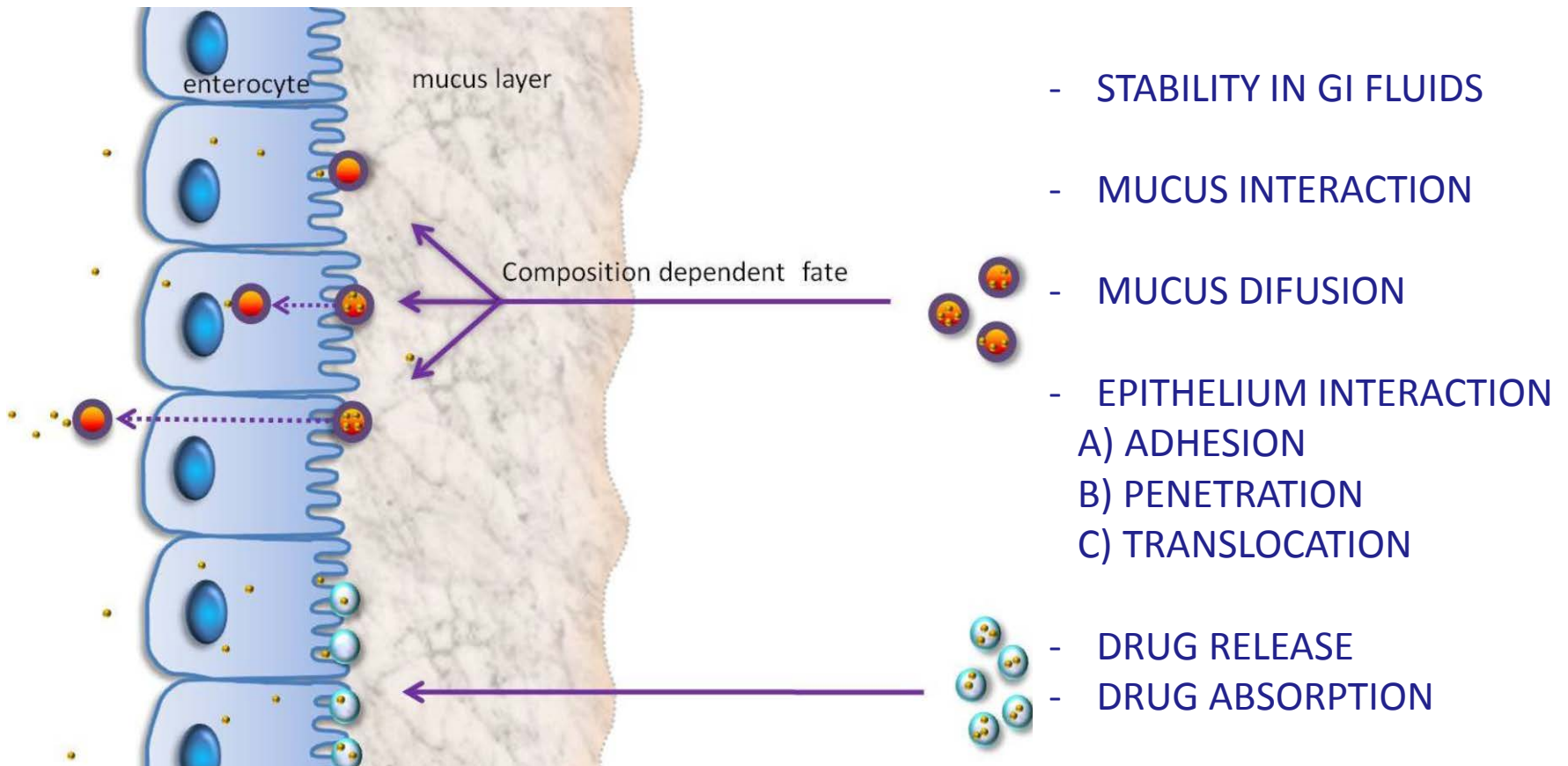
- **Biopharmaceutical mechanistic criteria** (knowledge of the nanomaterial-biological barrier interaction)
- **Safety issues** (materials on the market or in clinical evaluation)
- **Pharmaceutical technology criteria** (drug loading, stability and scalability).

Targeted molecules could be anti-obesity/diabetes peptides

TRANS-INT motto:

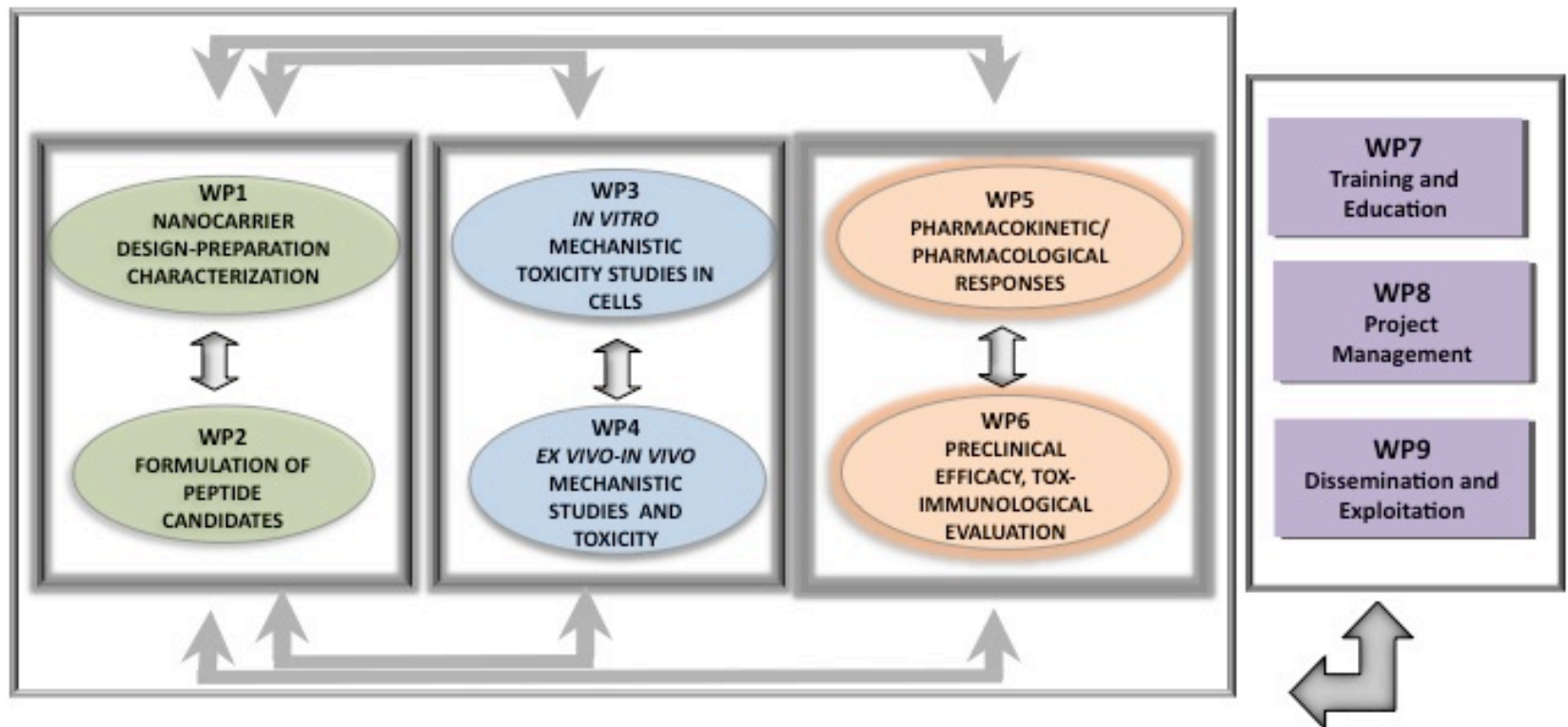
“Understand the barrier; understand the carrier”

TRANSINT CONCEPT: BIOLOGICAL BARRIERS

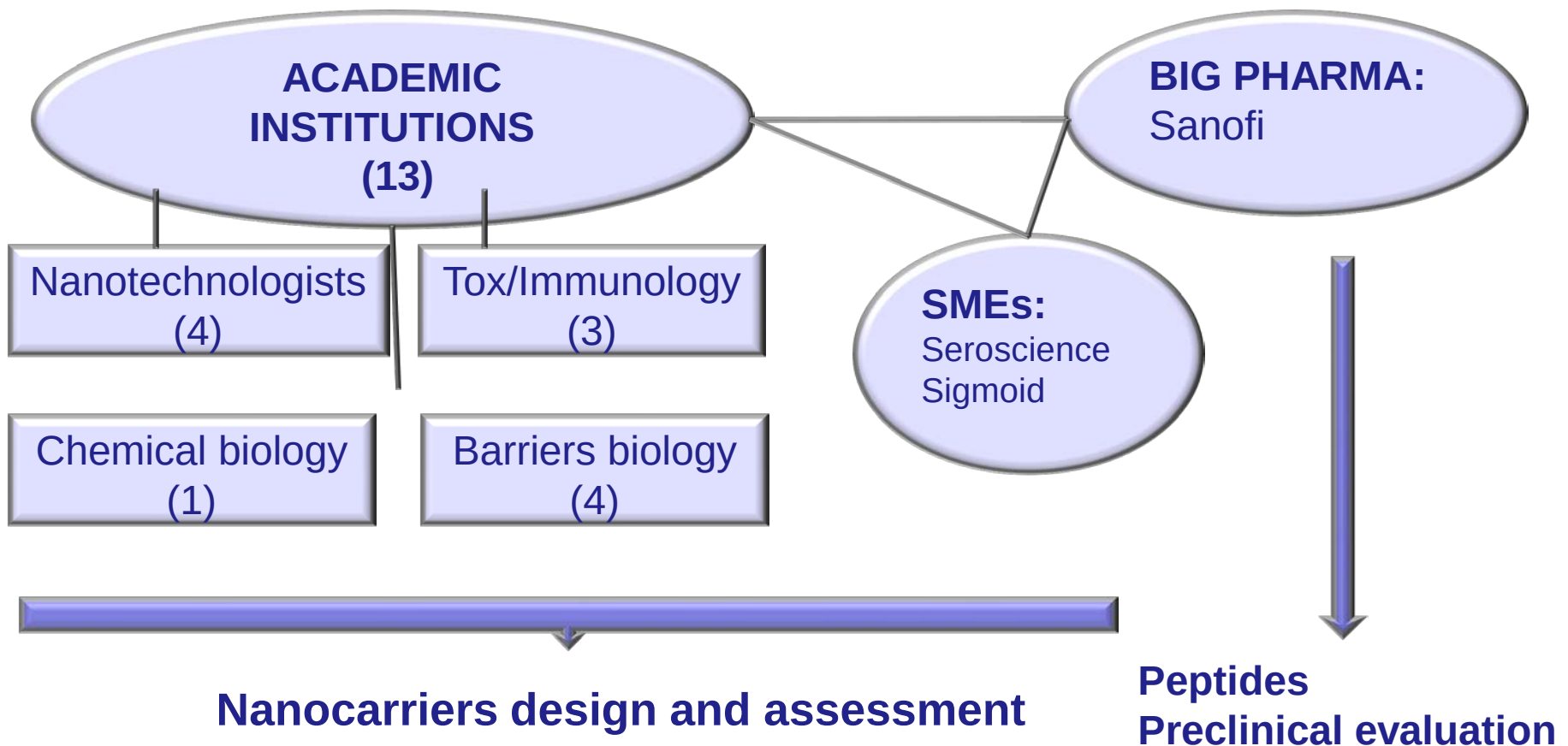


TRANSINT ORGANIZATION

The relationship between the different WPs



TRANSINT ORGANIZATION



THE CONSORTIUM DEFINITION: TRANSINT PARTNERS

Coordinator: Maria José Alonso (USC, Spain)

Deputee coordinator: David Brayden (UCD, Ireland)

Academic partners:

Caitriona O'Driscoll (Irish Drug Delivery Network, Ireland)

Andreas Schatzlein/Ijeoma Uchegbu (UL, London School of Pharmacy, UK)

Jean Pierre Benoit (UA, Université d'Angers, France)

Veronique Préat (UCL, Université Catholique de Lovaine, Belgium)

Ernest Giralt (UB, University of Barcelona)

Vicenzo Bronte (IOV-UNIPD, Uni. of Padova, Italy)

Jürgen Borlak (Hannover University, Germany)

Aloïse Mabondzo (CEA, France)

Per Arturson (Uppsala University, Sweden)

Lisa Bregoli (Veneto Nanotech, Italy)

THE CONSORTIUM DEFINITION: TRANSINT PARTNERS

SMEs:

Sigmoid Pharma, Dublin (Oral Drug Delivery)

Delivery platform for oral peptides

SeroScience Ltd, Hungary (Immo-tox studies)

Preclinical Immunological evaluation

LARGE PHARMAs: peptides

Sanofi

ADVICERS:

Scientific and regulatory issues:

Robert Langer

Patrick Couvreur

Randall Mrsny

Rogério Gaspar

Ruth Duncan

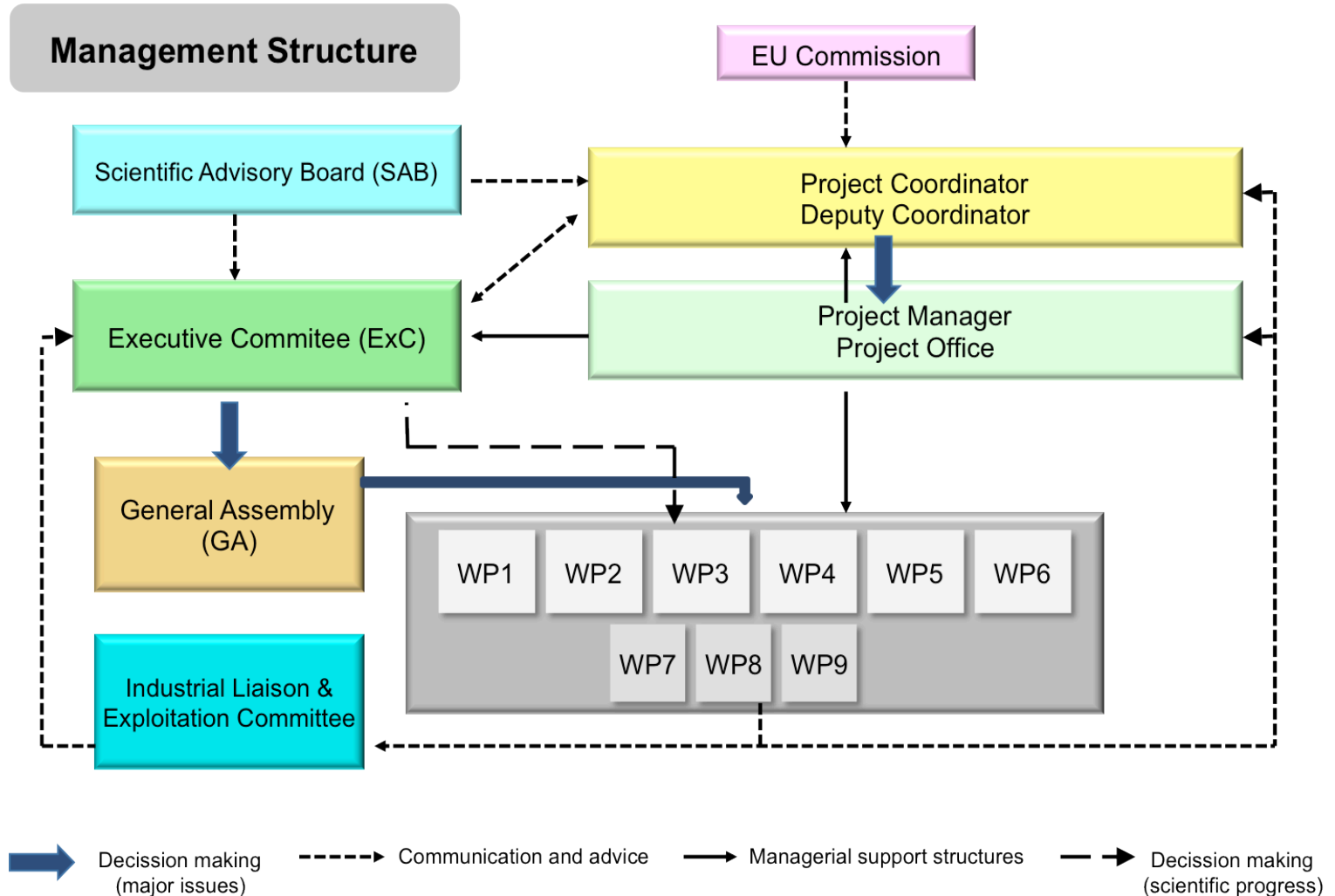
Clinical issues:

Stephen Gough

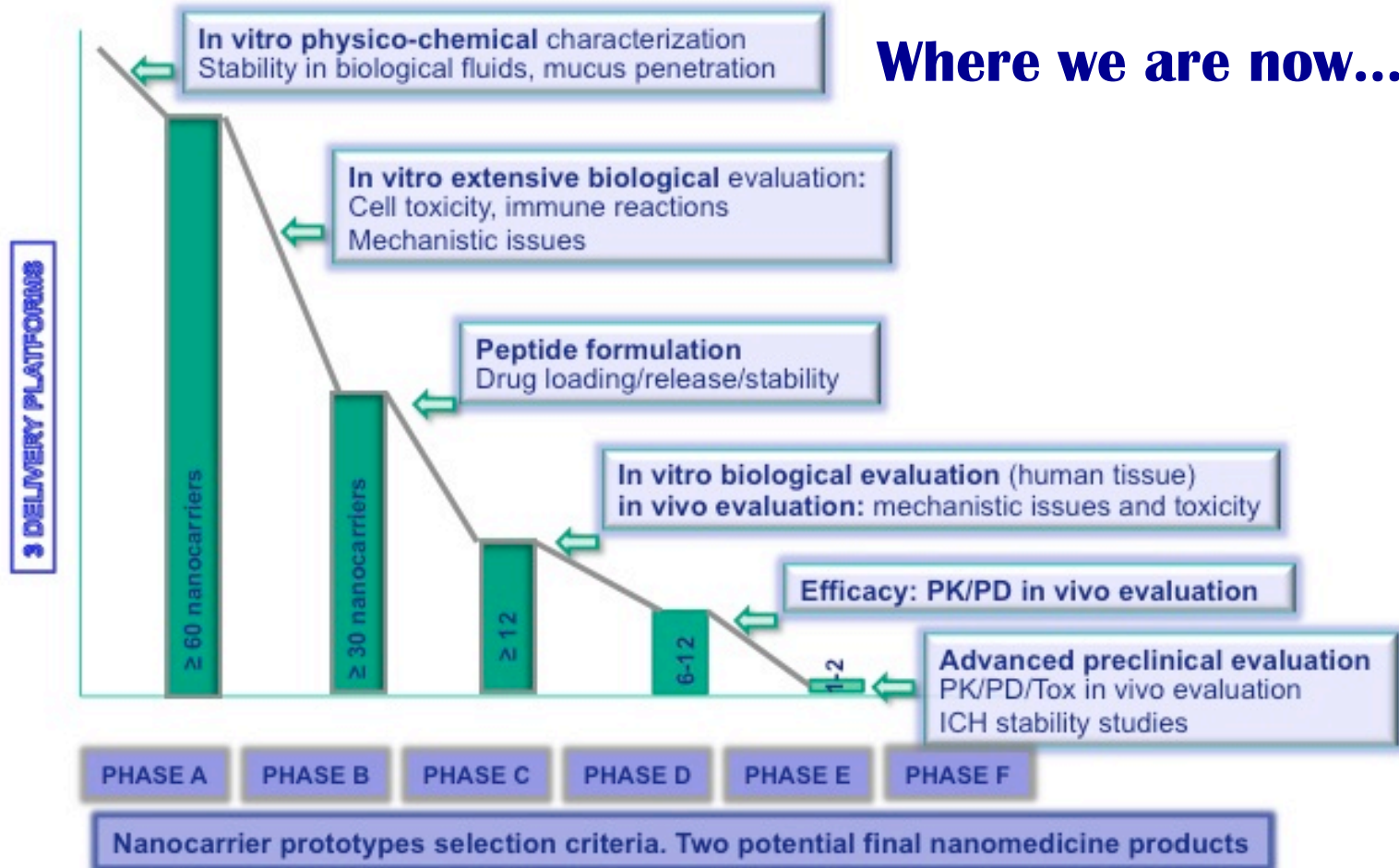
Michael Nouck

Felipe Casanueva

TRANSINT ORGANIZATION: MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE



THE TRANSINT DECISION MAKING PROCESS



THE STRATEGY OF TRANSIENT NANOCARRIERS DESIGN

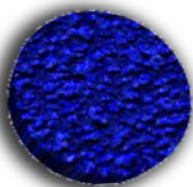
NANOCARRIERS PROPERTIES:

- Adequate stability in the Gastrointestinal fluids
- Favored interaction with the IB
- Controlled DD



- **Biomaterials:** lipids, polysaccharides, polypeptides..(safety record)
- **Architectural organization**
- **Adequate size and surface composition**

Nanoparticle



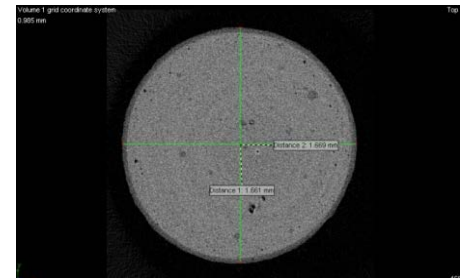
Nanocapsule



Micelle



SmPill™ technology



And easy to scale-up using mild technologies!!!

GRACIAS

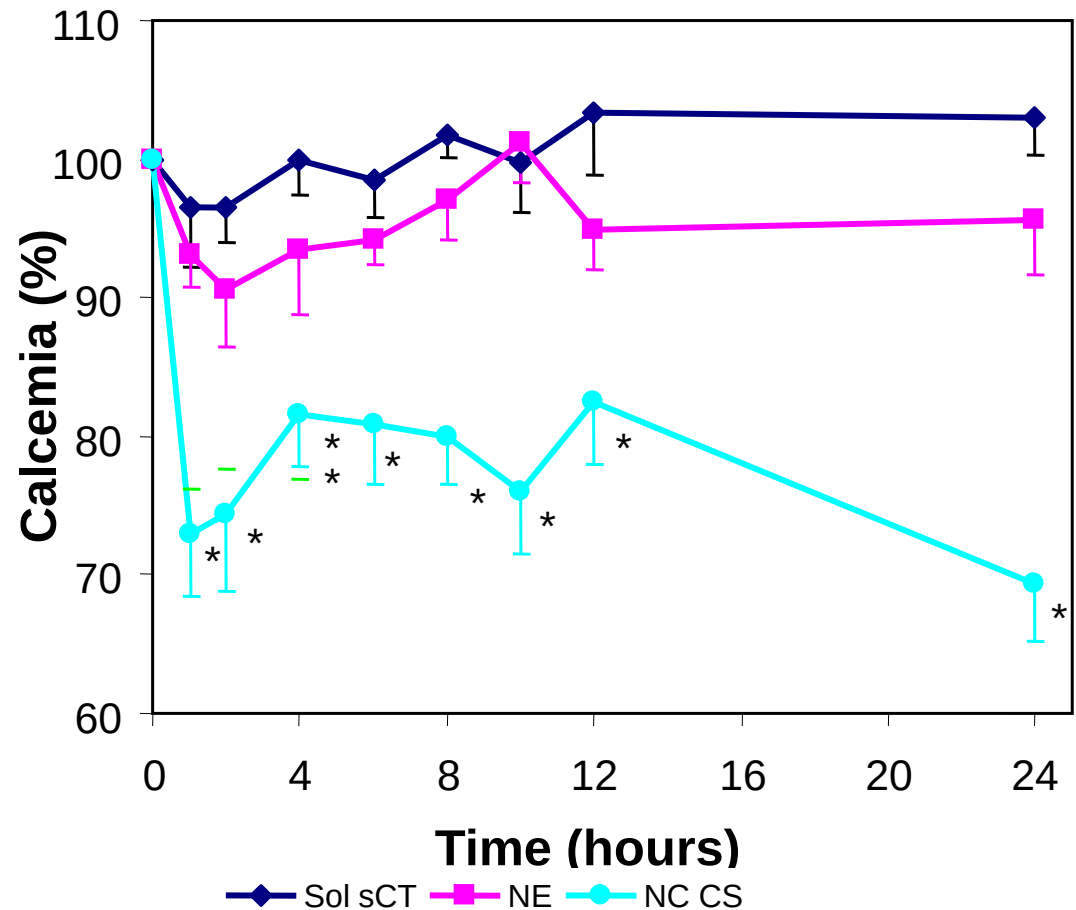
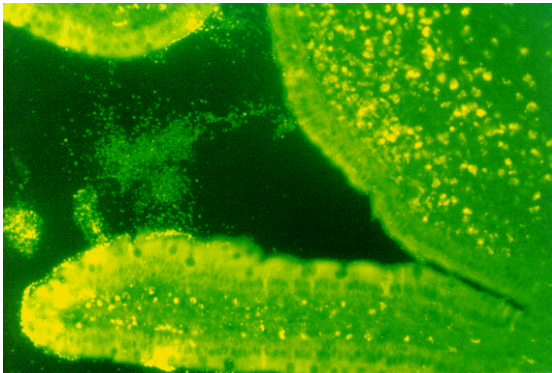


Financial support: “Gates Foundation”, European Commission, Ministry of Spain, Galicia Regional Government (Feder Funds), Advancell, Pharmamar

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS

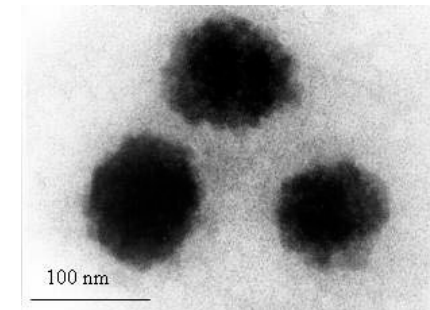
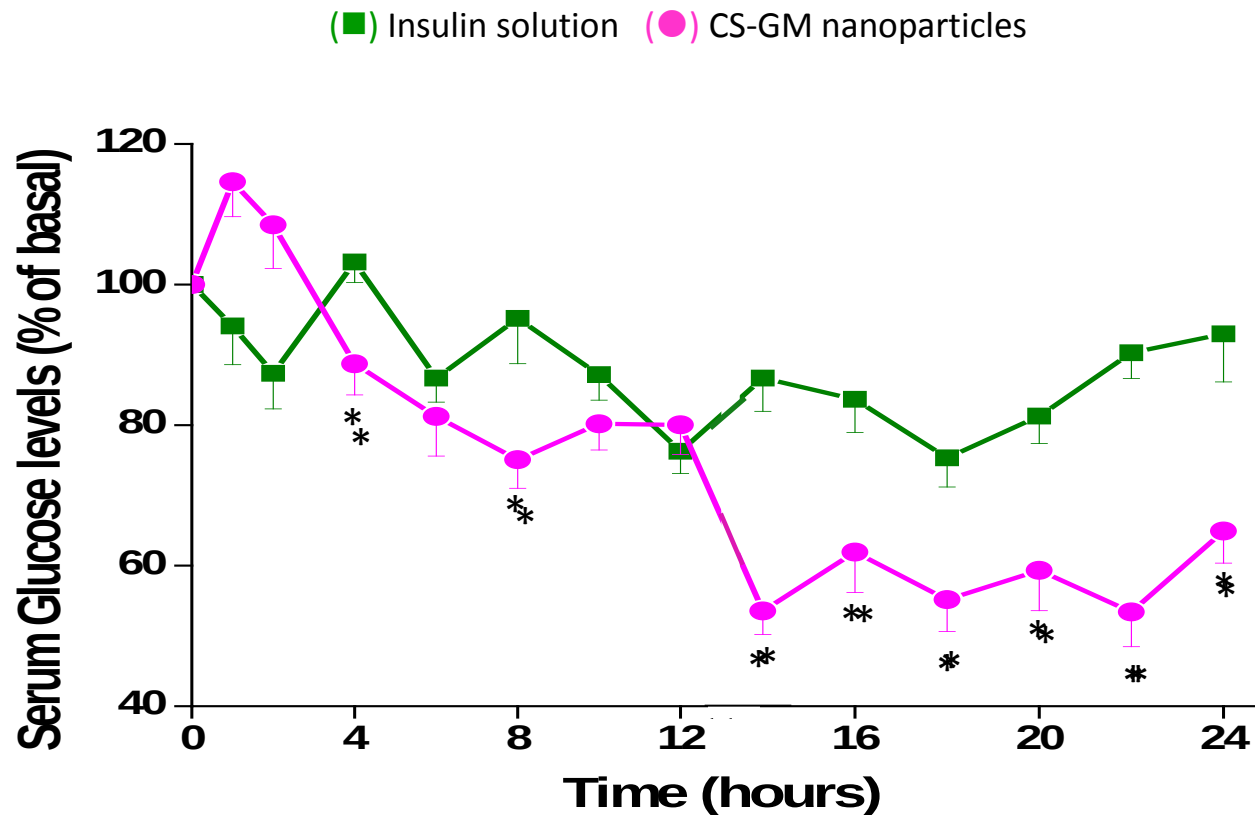
Nanoparticles as carriers for oral sCT delivery

Oral administration of sCT-loaded chitosan nanocapsules



Nanoparticles as carriers for oral insulin delivery

Oral administration of insulin loaded chitosan-glucomannan nanoparticles (50 UI/kg)



TEM image of CS-GM nanoparticles

M. Alonso and Carmen Remuñan