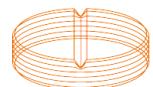


XI Encuentro de Cooperación Farma-Biotech

New epigenetic agents: therapeutic approach in cancer



Madrid, 2 de julio de 2014



MEDICAMENTOS INNOVADORES
Plataforma Tecnológica Española

farma|industria

Outline

- Institution: CIMA
- Project
- Partnering Opportunities

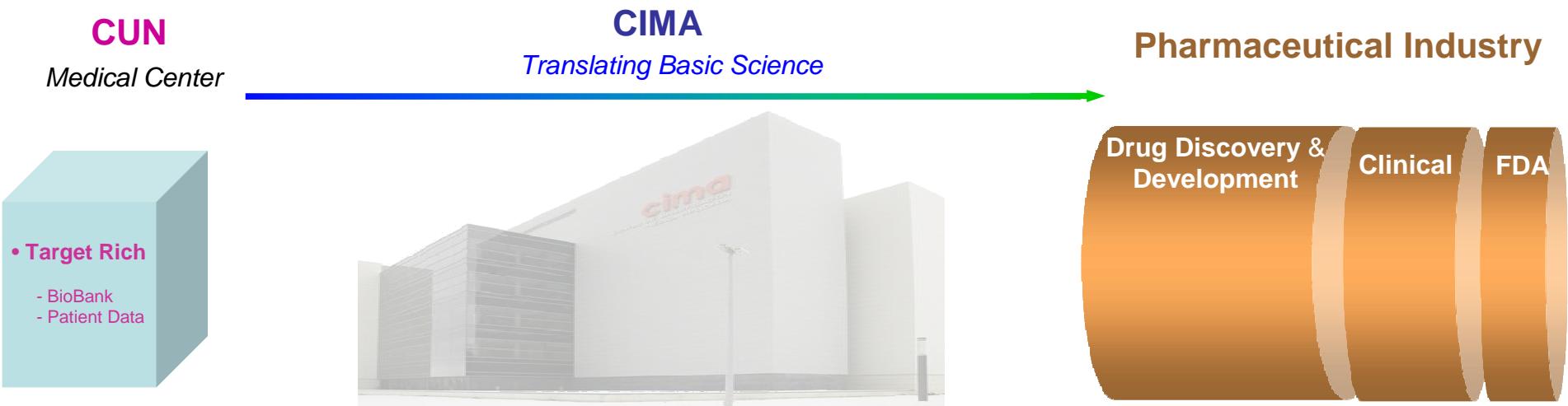
CIMA

The **Center for Applied Medical Research (CIMA)** is private non-profit biomedical research institution of the University of Navarra, based in Pamplona, Spain.

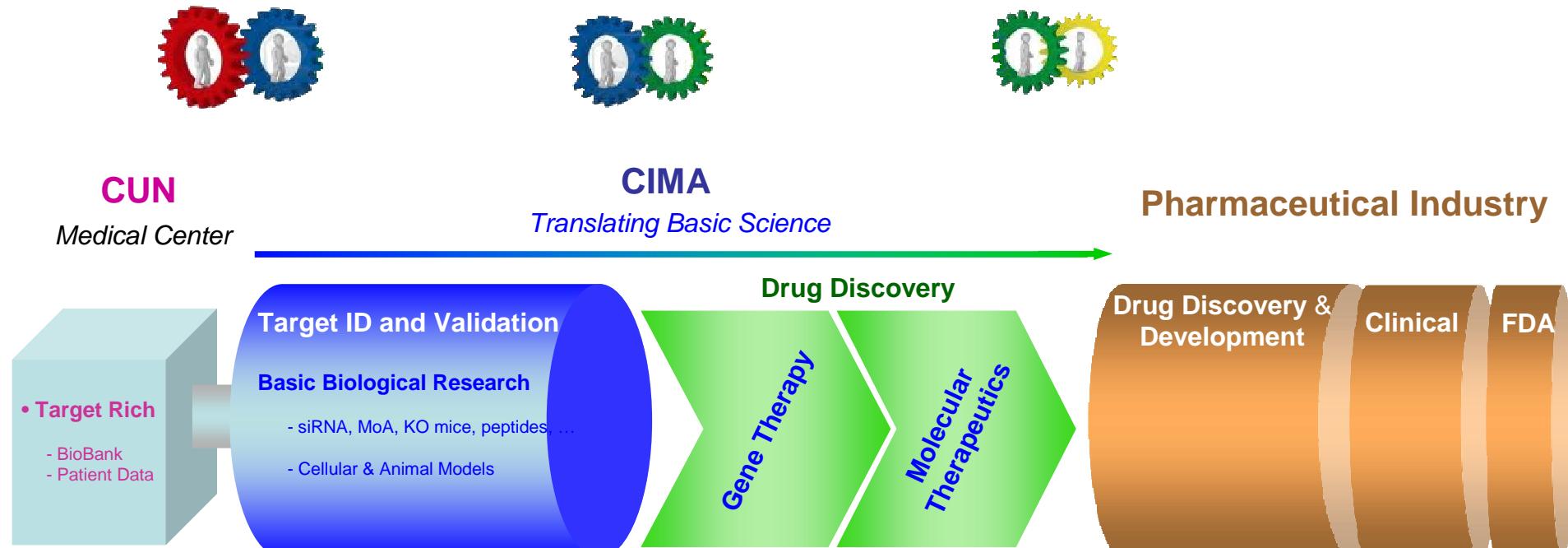
CIMA carries out high quality scientific work with a strong **translational** focus.



CIMA. De-risking Drug Discovery Process



CIMA. De-risking Drug Discovery Process



• Translational Medicine

Bidirectional data analysis to identify and/or prioritize clinically relevant molecular targets or pathways.



• Basic Science

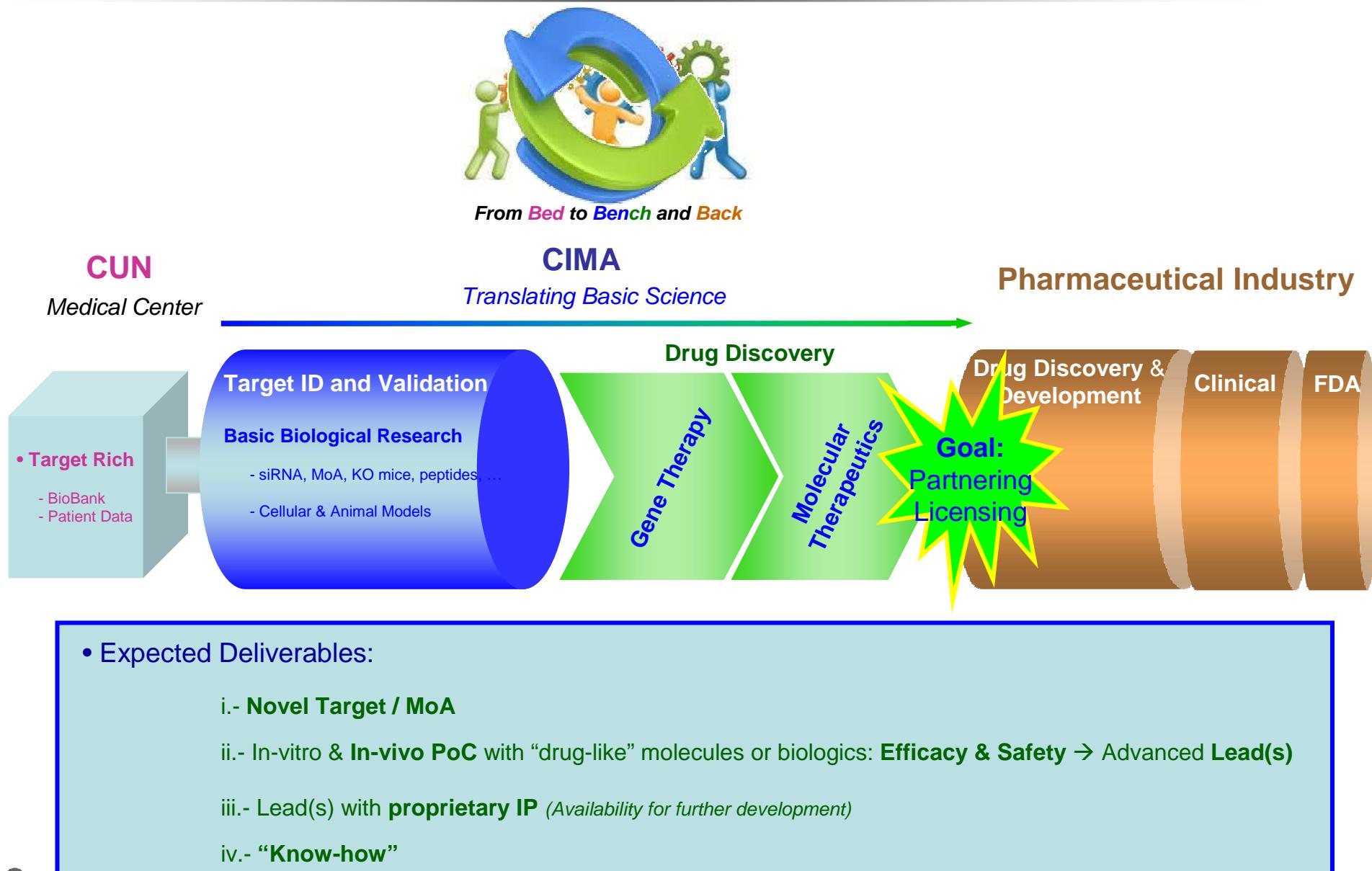
Advanced basic research to decipher MoA underlying clinical evidence.

Implementation of *in-vitro* or/and *in-vivo* assays for unequivocal assessment: PoC

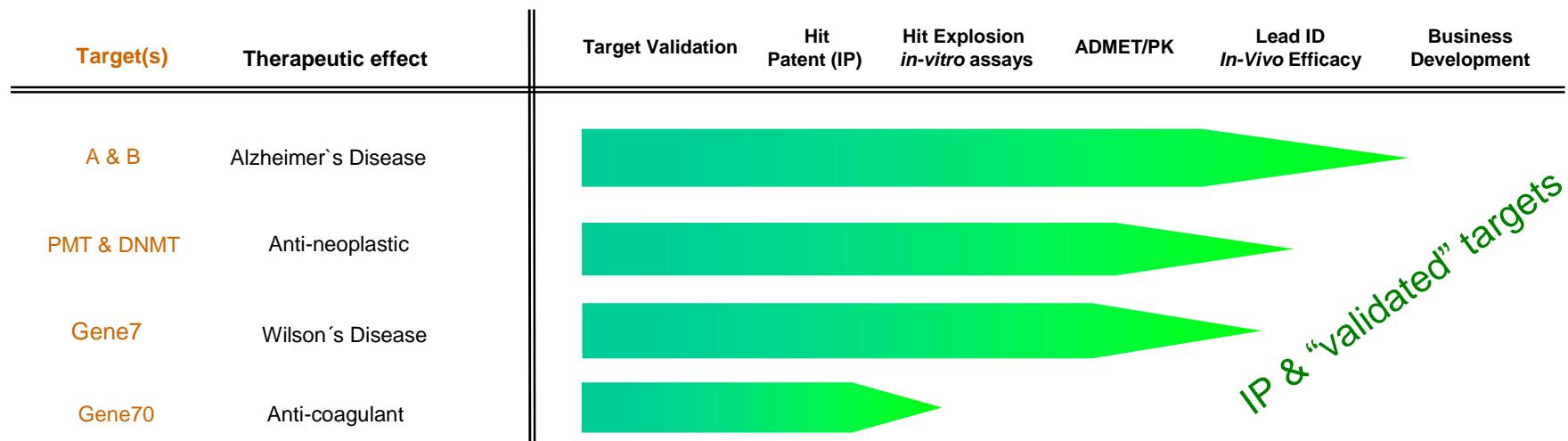
• Drug Discovery

Proprietary tool(s), biologics or/and small molecules, for *in-vivo* PoC: efficacy & safety

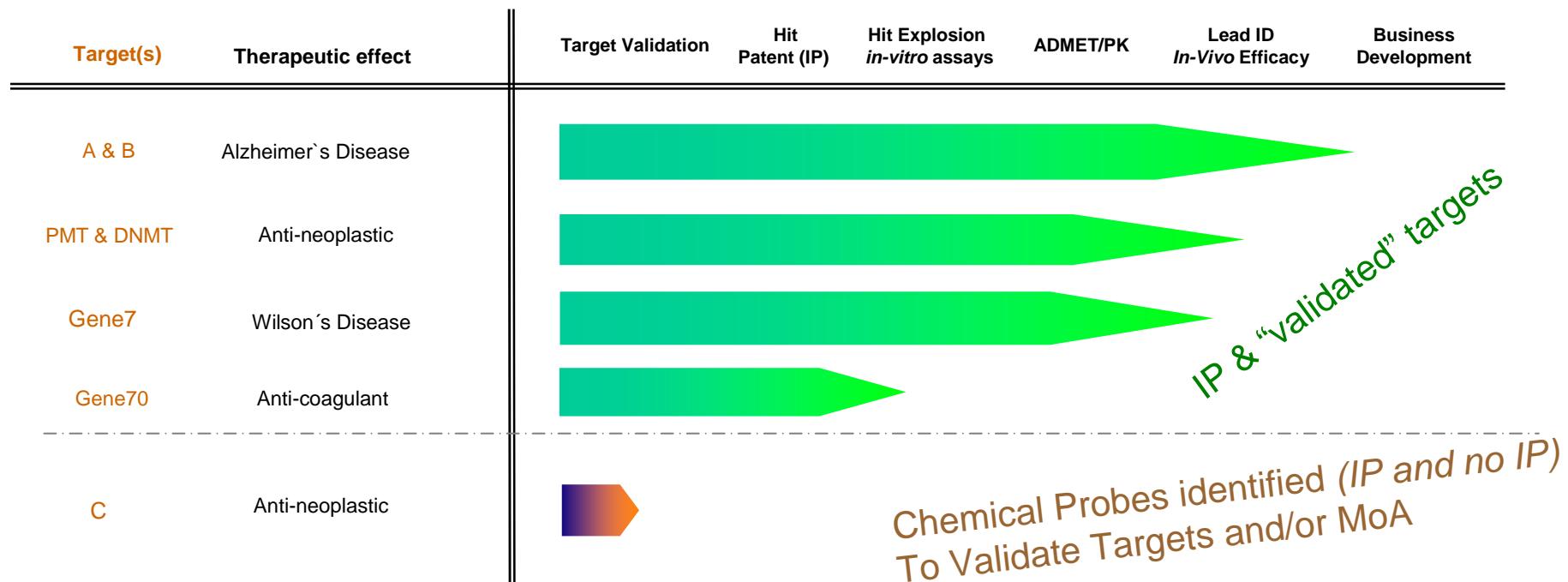
CIMA. De-risking Drug Discovery Process



Projects Overview



Projects Overview



Projects Overview

Target(s)	Therapeutic effect	Target Validation	Hit Patent (IP)	Hit Explosion <i>in-vitro</i> assays	ADMET/PK	Lead ID <i>In-Vivo</i> Efficacy	Business Development
A & B	Alzheimer's Disease						
PMT & DNMT	Anti-neoplastic						
Gene7	Wilson's Disease						
Gene70	Anti-coagulant						
C	Anti-neoplastic						
D	Anti-neoplastic						
E	Anti-fibrotic						
F	Immune regulation						
G	Huntington						

IP & "validated" targets

Chemical Probes identified (IP and no IP)
To Validate Targets and/or MoA

Assay established

Assay to be defined

To identify chemical probes

Outline

- Institution: CIMA
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- Partnering Opportunities

Targeting Epigenetics: Cancer

Aim

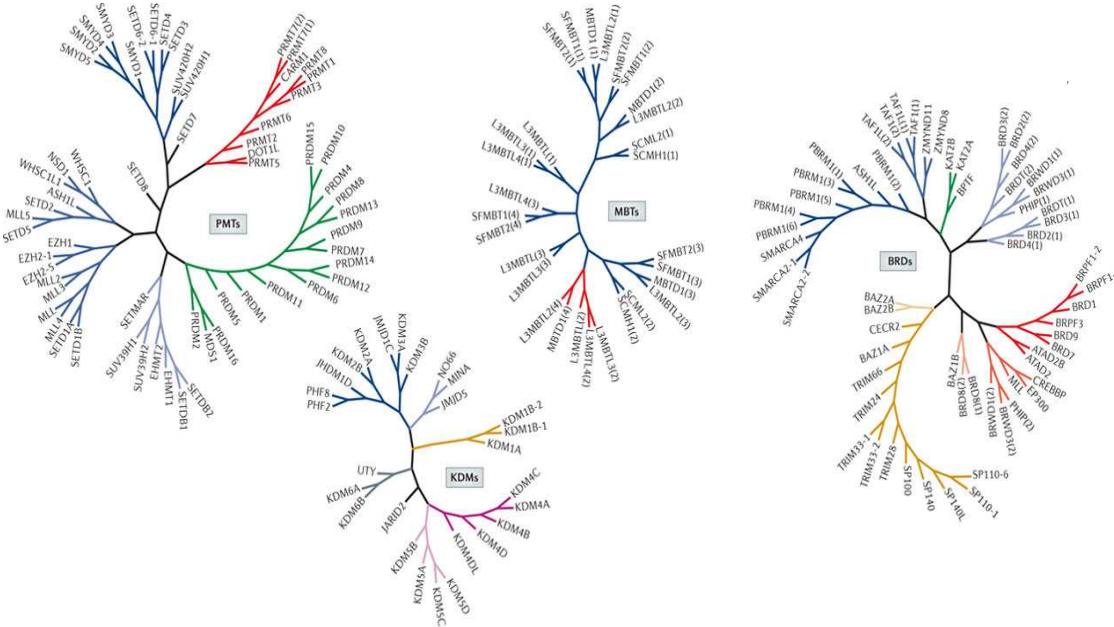
Effective therapeutic agents targeting a novel epigenetic MoA: *Unmet needs in cancer*

Approach

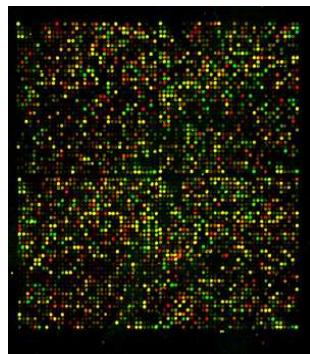
1. Target identification strategies: siRNAs, functional and expression studies ✓
2. Targets validation ✓
3. Hit ID (proprietary chemical series, IP). ✓
4. Hit Explosion and Lead(s) ID, acceptable PK, *in-vivo* PoC ✓
5. Lead Optimization **On-going**

Target Identification

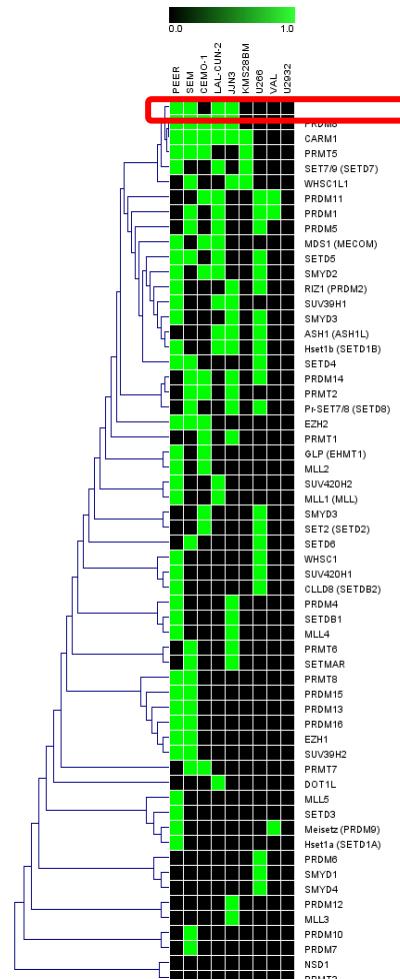
- Use of siRNAs



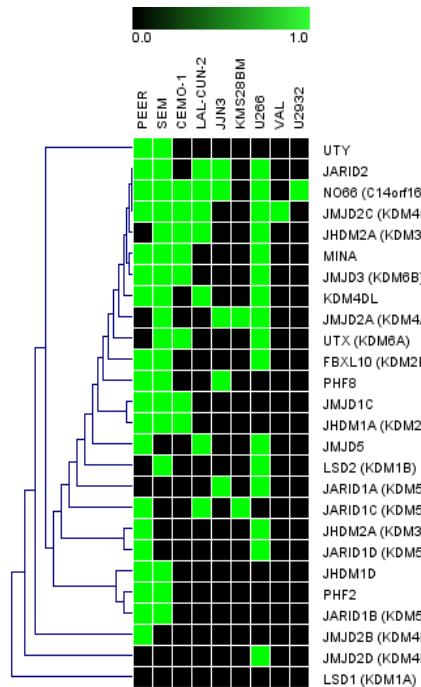
- Expression studies: RNA-seq, ChIP on Chip



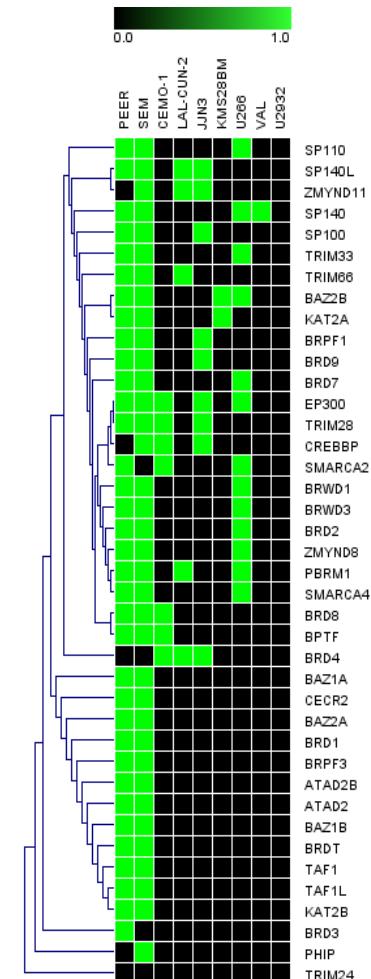
Target Identification. *Hematologic disorders*



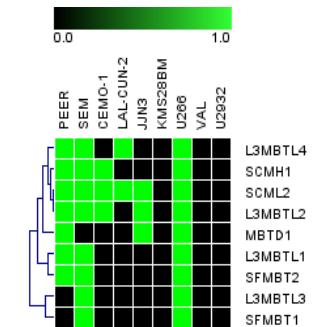
PMTs: Target1
Target2
Target3



KDMs: Target4
Target5



BRDs: Target6



MBTs: Target7
Target8

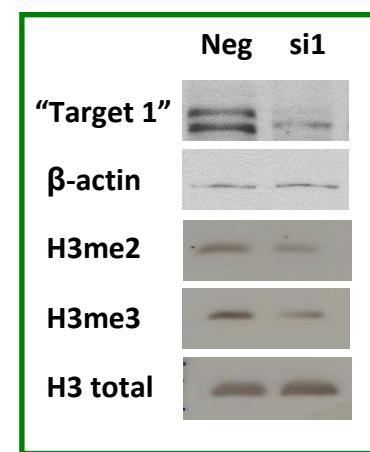
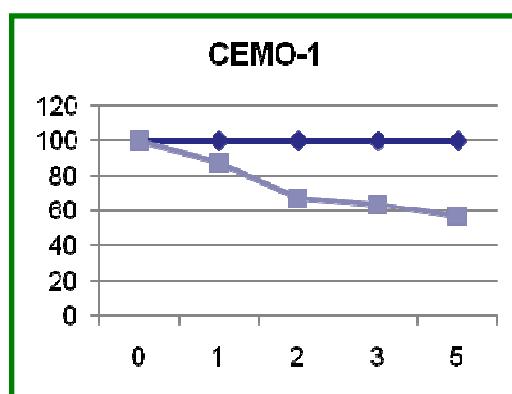
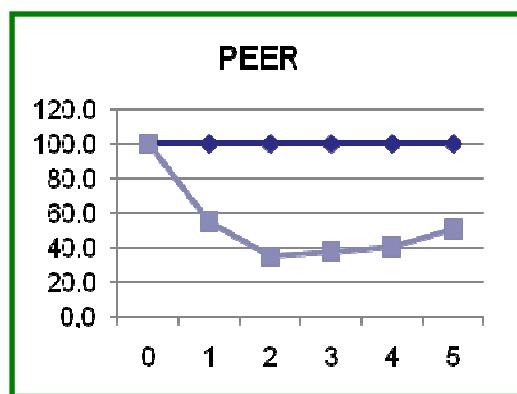


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Targeting Epigenetics

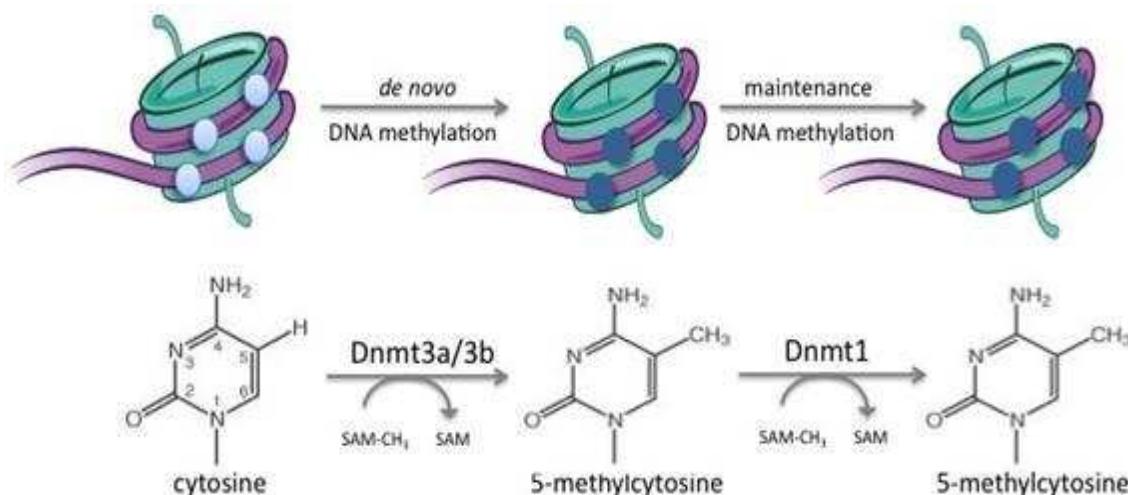
Target ID & Validation. *Hematologic disorders*

- “**Target1**” is a mammalian histone methyltransferase that contributes to the epigenetic *silencing* of tumor suppressor genes.
- “Target 1” inhibition with **siRNA** in ALL cell lines



Target ID & Validation. *Hematologic disorders*

- DNMTs (*DNA methyl transferases*)



- State of the art:

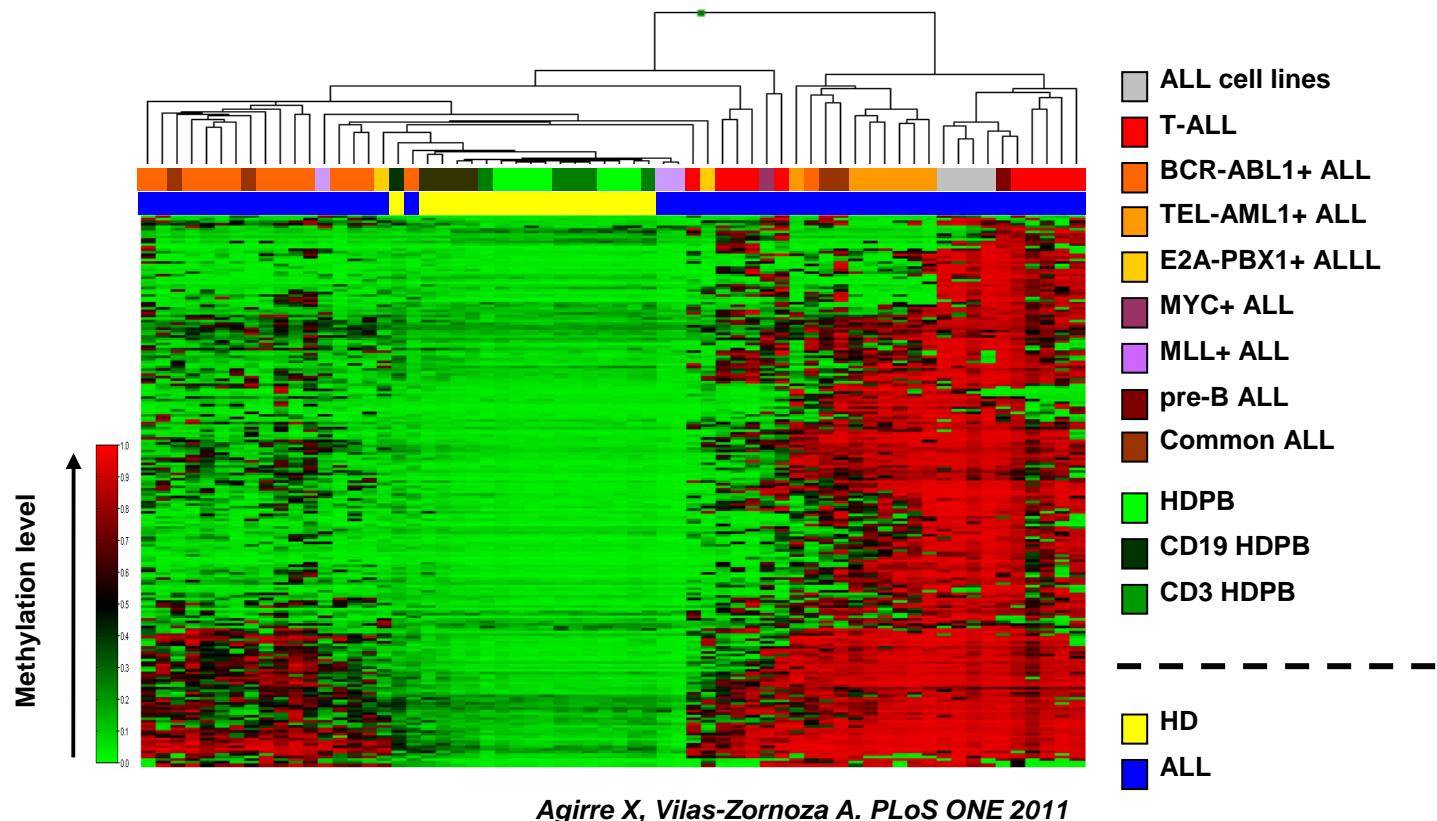
- Azacitidine
- Decitabine

} **Marketed** → irreversible covalent complex with DNMT1
where DNA hypomethylation is observed at 300nM & 30nM respectively

- SGI-110 **Phase 2** → irreversible covalent complex with DNMT1

Target ID & Validation. *Hematologic disorders*

- DNMTs (*DNA methyl transferases*)



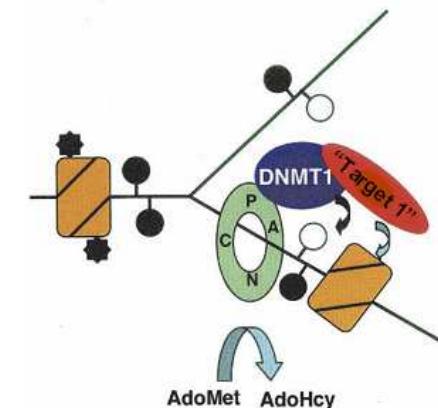
Biological Chemistry: Hit ID

- Aim:

- First-in-class dual and reversible inhibitors: molecules targeting “**Target1**” & **DNMTs**
- Novel chemical series with proprietary IP

- Approach:

- Knowledge-based
 - Structure-based
- } **de-novo design**



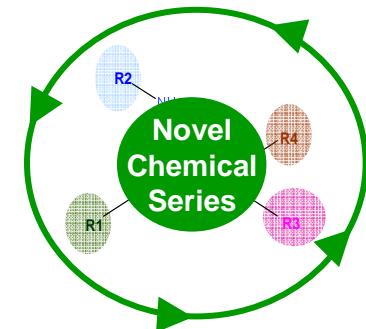
- Achievement:

- ✓ • Synthesis
- ✓ • IP – *patent filed in June 2014*

Medicinal Chemistry: Lead ID

- Aim: From Hit Explosion to Lead ID

- Approach:



- a) Synthesis of new compounds to establish Structure Activity/Property Relationships (SAR/SPR)
- b) Workflow,



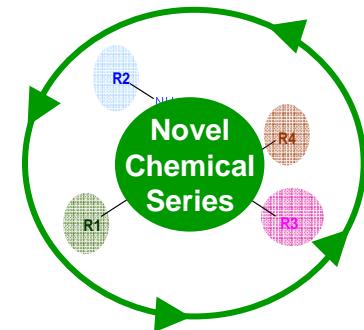
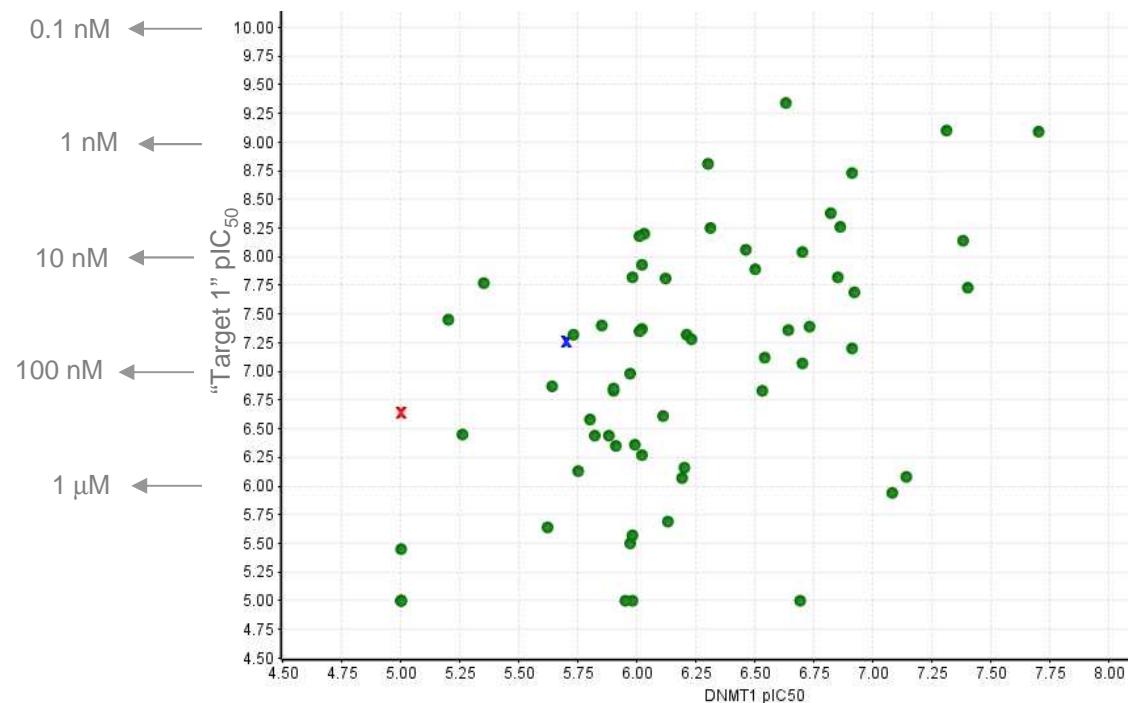
- i.- Design
- ii.- Synthesis
- iii.- *In-vitro* binding assays (vs “Target 1” & DNMT1) (*initial decision point*)
- iv.- *In-vitro* cellular assay (MTS)
- v.- *In-vitro* functional assay (cellular, epigenetic marks)
- vi.- Toxicity (THLE-2 & PBMC) (*decision point*)
- vii.- ADME profiling
- viii.- Pharmacokinetics (*decision point*)
- ix.- *In-vivo* efficacy model(s)

Lead ID: Biochemical Profiling

- Aim: From Hit Explosion to Lead ID

- 71 compounds synthesized

- Biochemical assay vs “Target 1” & DNMT1



References:

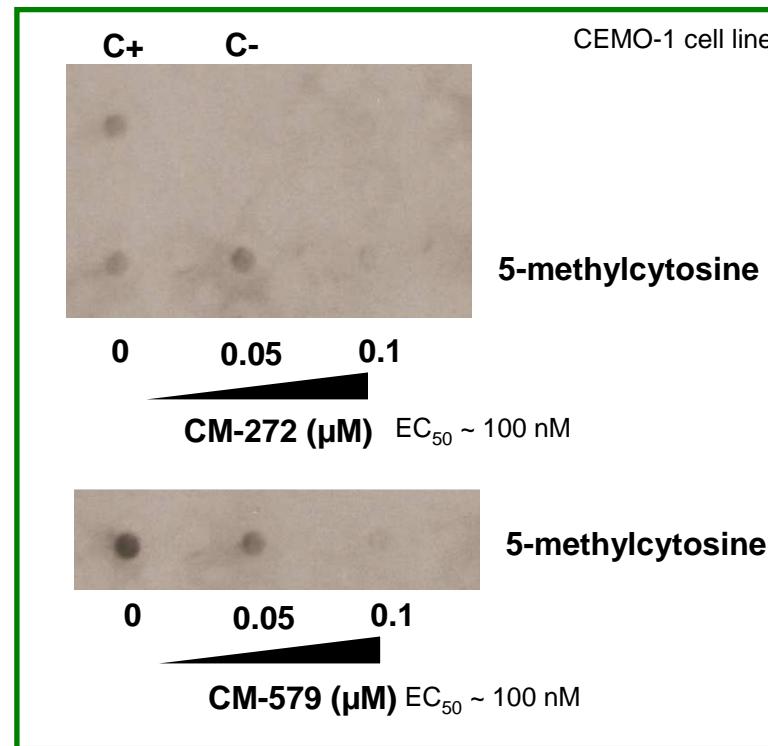
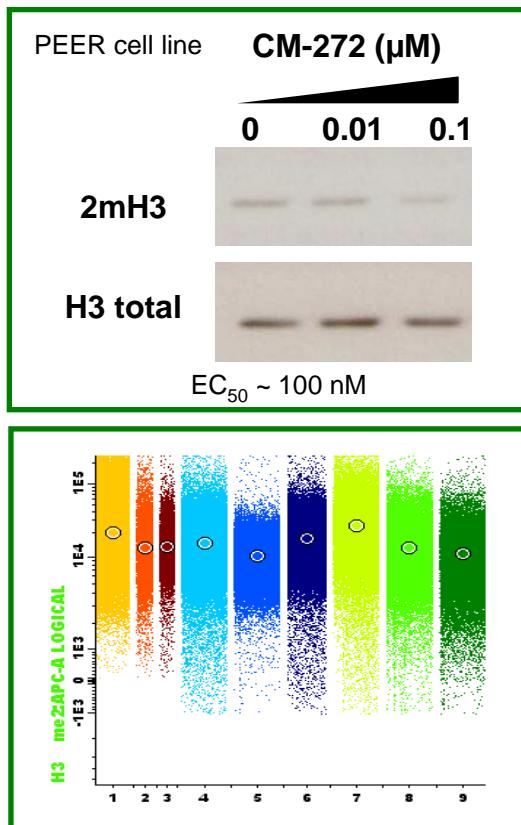
- Compound 1
- Compound 2
- Proprietary Molecules

Lead ID: Functional profiling

- Selected, from our proprietary chemical series, as pharmacological tool compounds: **CM-272 & CM-579**

“Target 1”	IC ₅₀ (nM)	9	7
DNMT1	IC ₅₀ (nM)	347	42
DNMT3A	IC ₅₀ (nM)	85	92
DNMT3B	IC ₅₀ (nM)	256	974

- Epigenetic marks, *in-vitro* cellular**

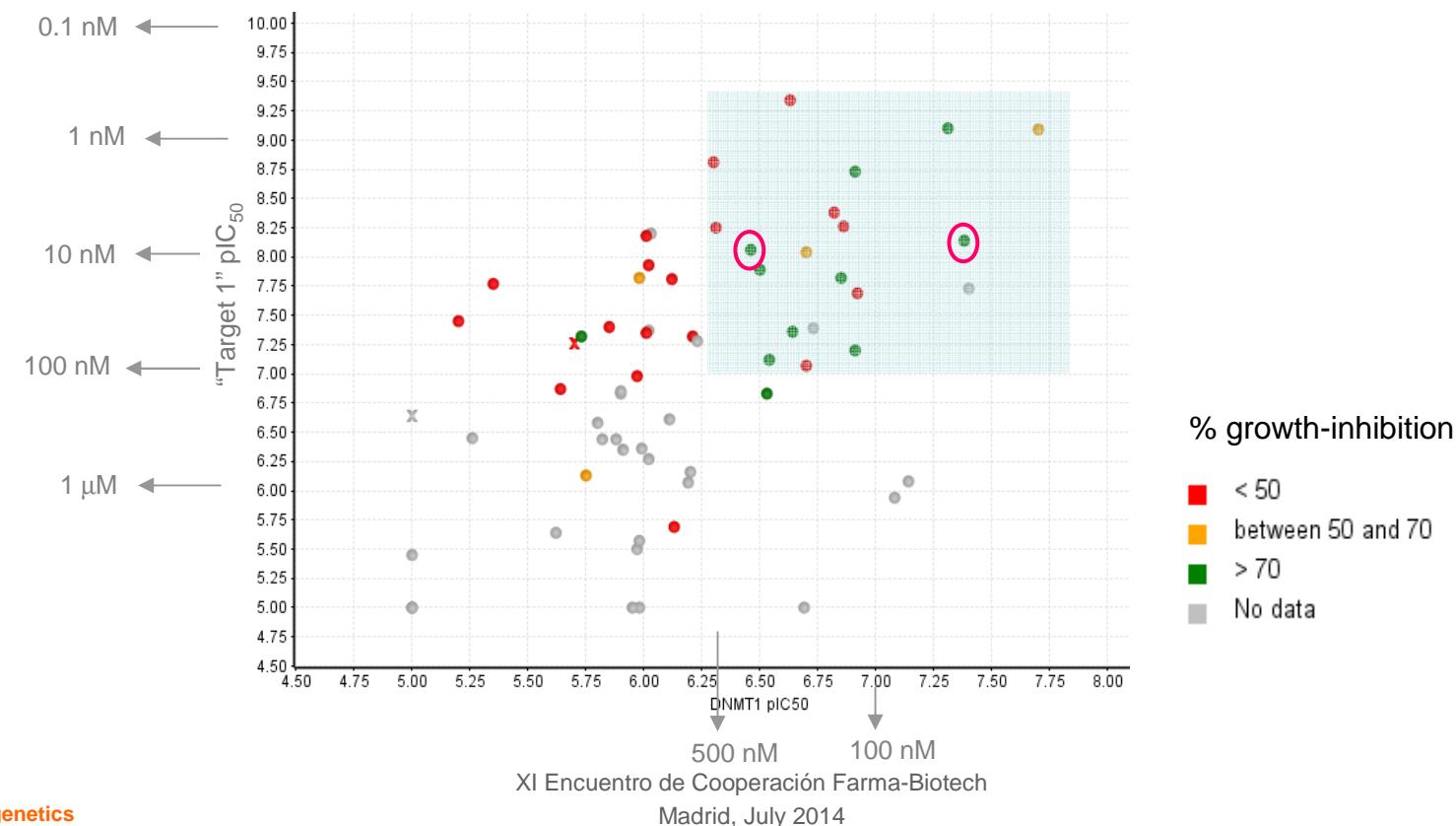
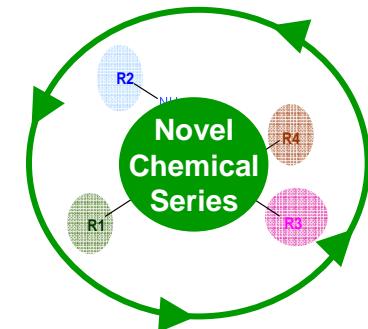


Lead ID: Cell proliferation

- Aim: From Hit Explosion to Lead ID

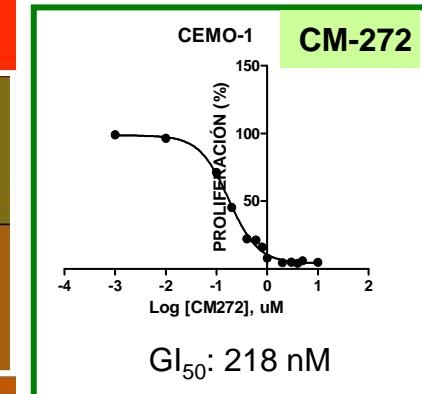
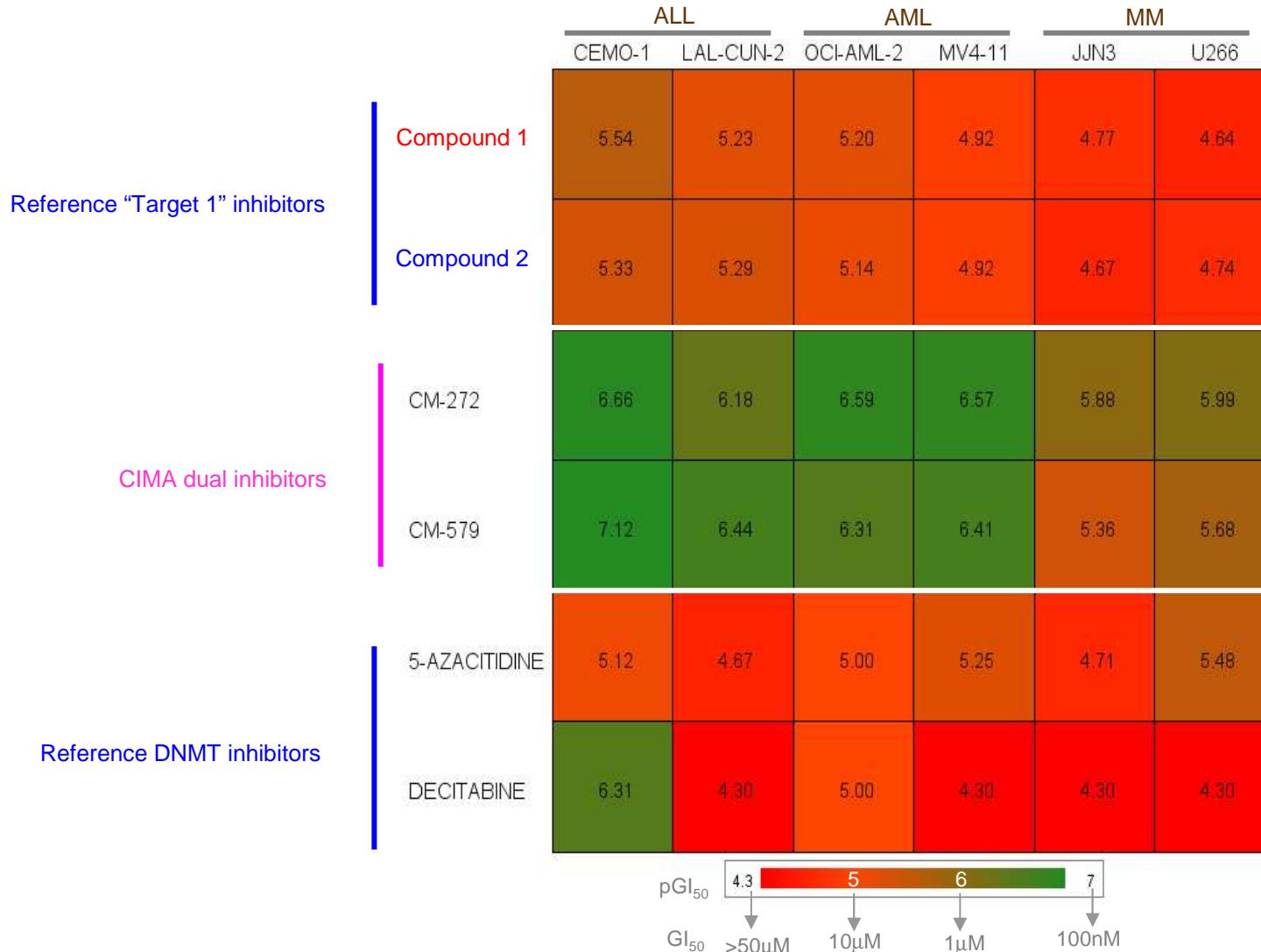
- 71 compounds synthesized

- Biochemical assay vs “Target 1” & DNMT1; colour-coded by cellular activity vs CEMO-1 (ALL) @ 1 μ M



Comparison: Proprietary Lead Molecules vs References

- Heat-map, proliferation (GI_{50})

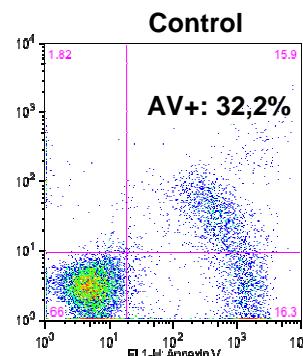


Comparison: Proprietary Lead Molecules vs References

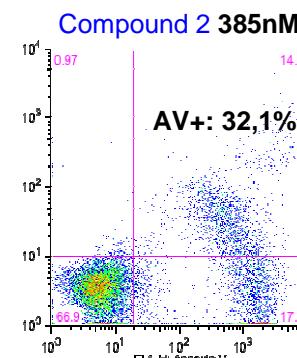
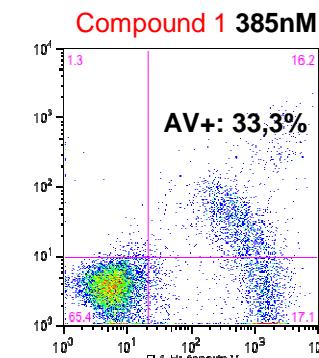
- Apoptosis, MV4-11 cell line

AML (Myelomonocytic)

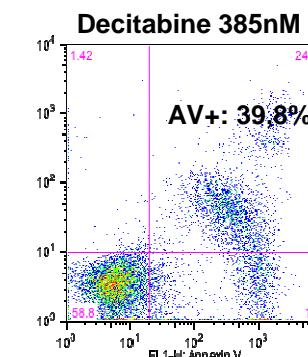
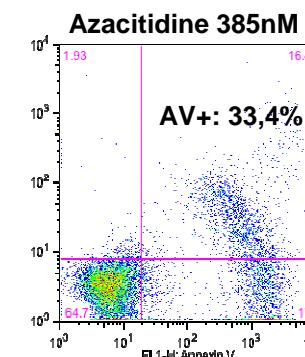
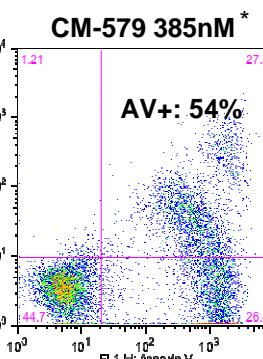
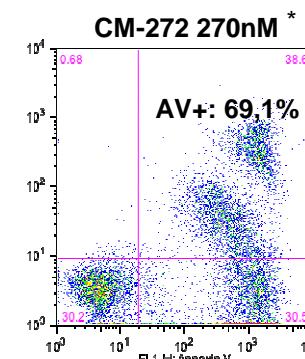
Reference "Target 1" inhibitors



CIMA dual inhibitors



Reference DNMT inhibitors



* GI_{50}

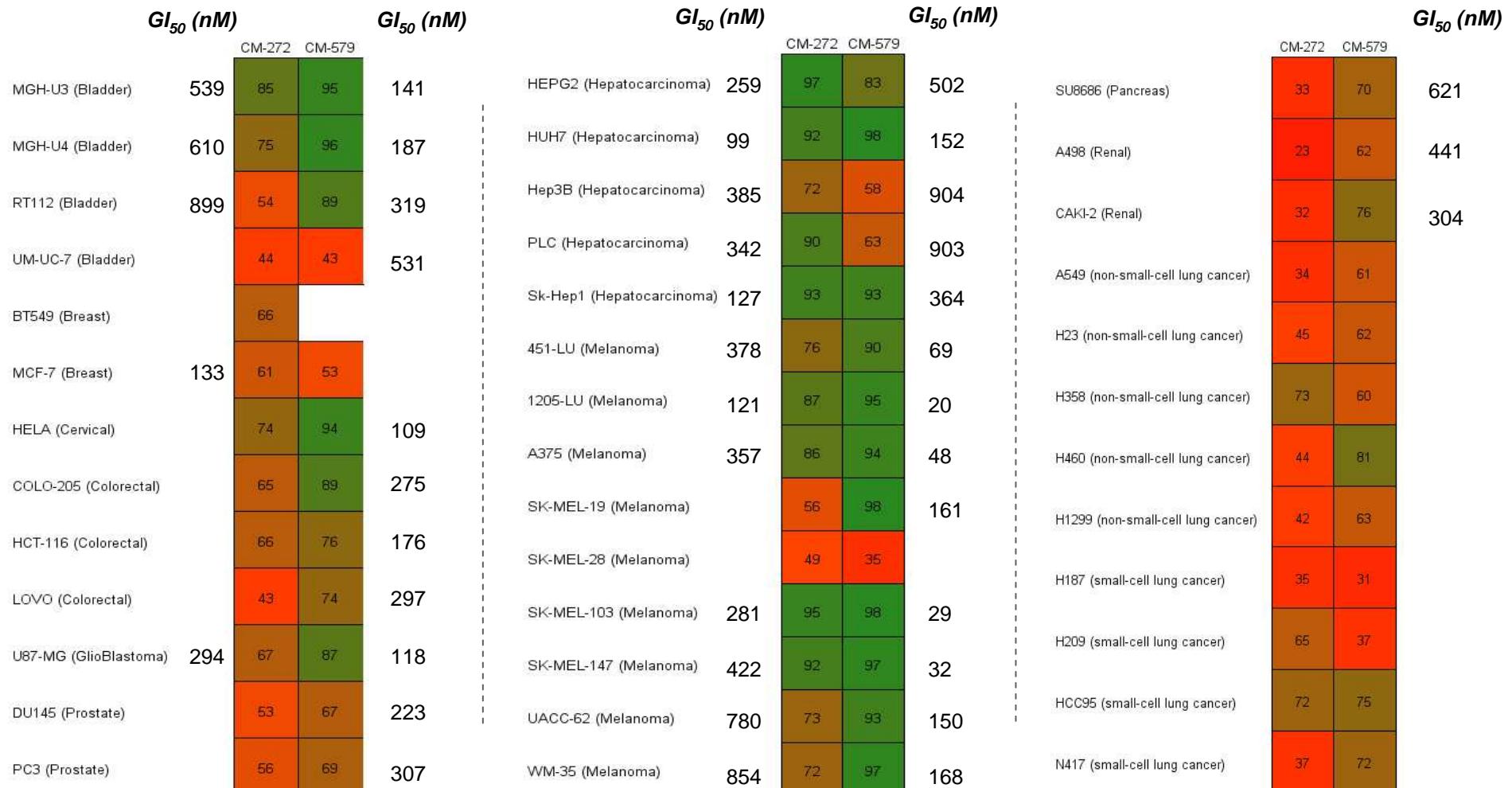


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Targeting Epigenetics

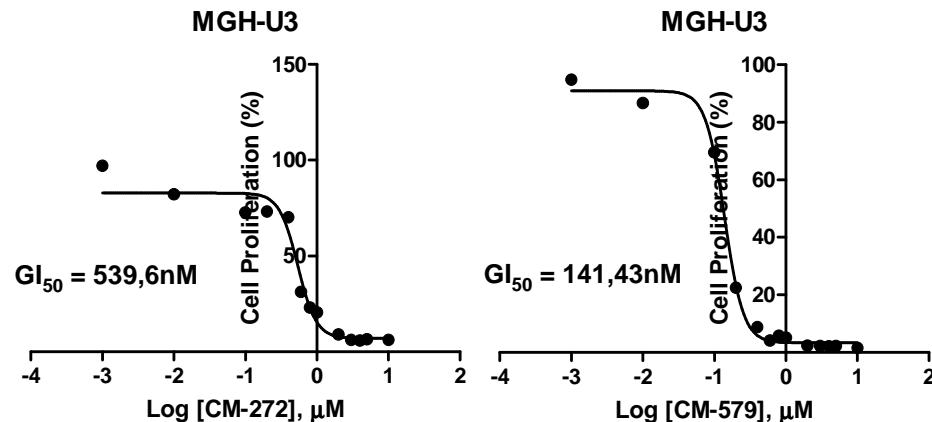
Lead ID. Cell lines panel

- Selected compounds, CM-272 & CM-579, @ 1 μ M vs 40 cell lines (Solid Tumors)

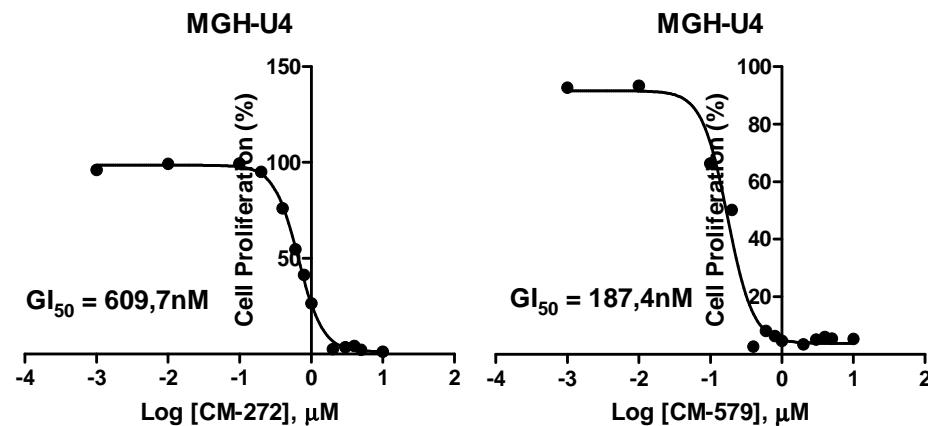
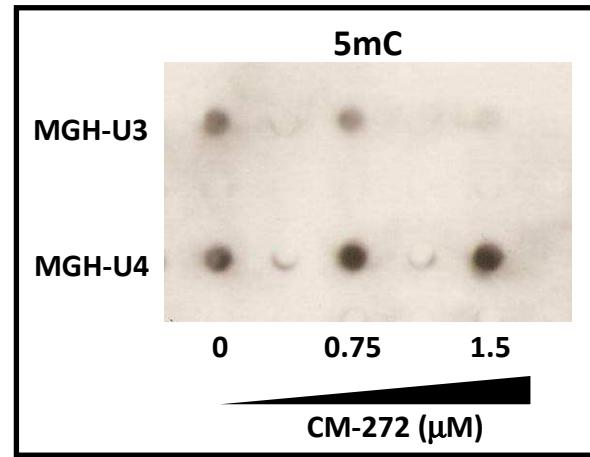


Lead ID. Impact on bladder cancer

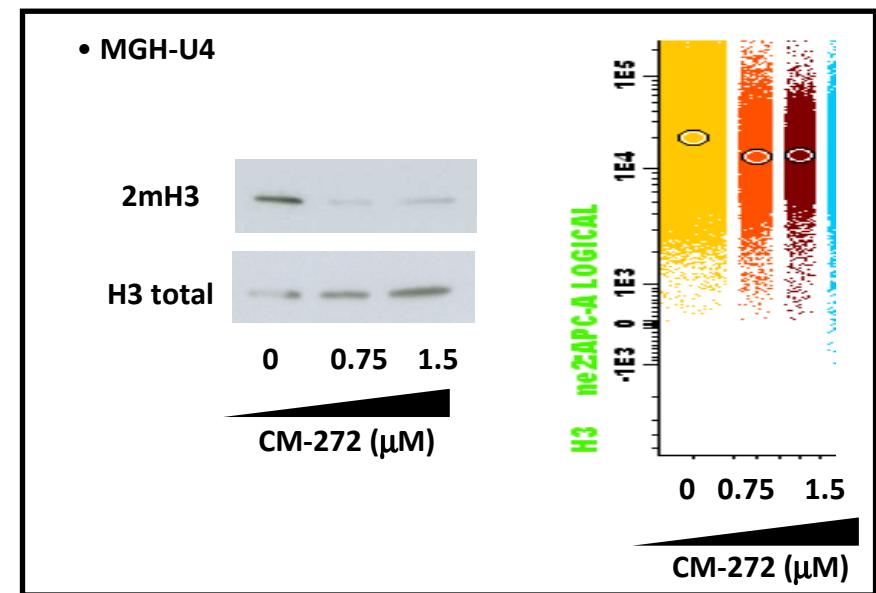
- Proliferation



- Epigenetic marks



- MGH-U4



Lead ID. ADME profiling

- Selected, from our proprietary chemical series, as pharmacological tool compounds: **CM-272 & CM-579**
- In-Vitro ADME & Off-target selectivity profiling**

	• CM-272	• CM-579
ADME		
P450s: 1A2, 2C19, 2C9, 2D6, 3A4 (<50% @ 10µM)	✓	✓
Plasma Protein Binding (% unbound) Solubility (>100 µg/mL) @ pH=7.4	24.4(H), 25.0(M) ✓	14.7 (H), 4.6(M) ✓
PAMPA (Pe 10 ⁻⁶ in nm/s) Liver Microsomal Stability (t _{1/2} estimation) <i>in minutes</i>	0.16 (Low) >145(H), 35.2 (M)	0.01 (Low) 133 (H), 10.4 (M)
CV safety		
hERG binding (IC ₅₀ >100 µM) Patch Clamp (IC ₅₀ >50 µM)	✓ <i>on-going</i>	✓ <i>on-going</i>
Toxicity		
PBMC (LC ₅₀ , µM) THLE (LC ₅₀ , µM)	9.8 1.8	>100 1.3
Off Target		
37 additional epigenetic targets (<50% inhibition @ 10µM)	34	✓
PK		
Mice (i.v.); e.g. V _{ss} , t _{1/2} & C _{max} @ 2.5 mg/Kg	0.7 (L), 24 (h) & 406 (nM)	<i>on-going</i>

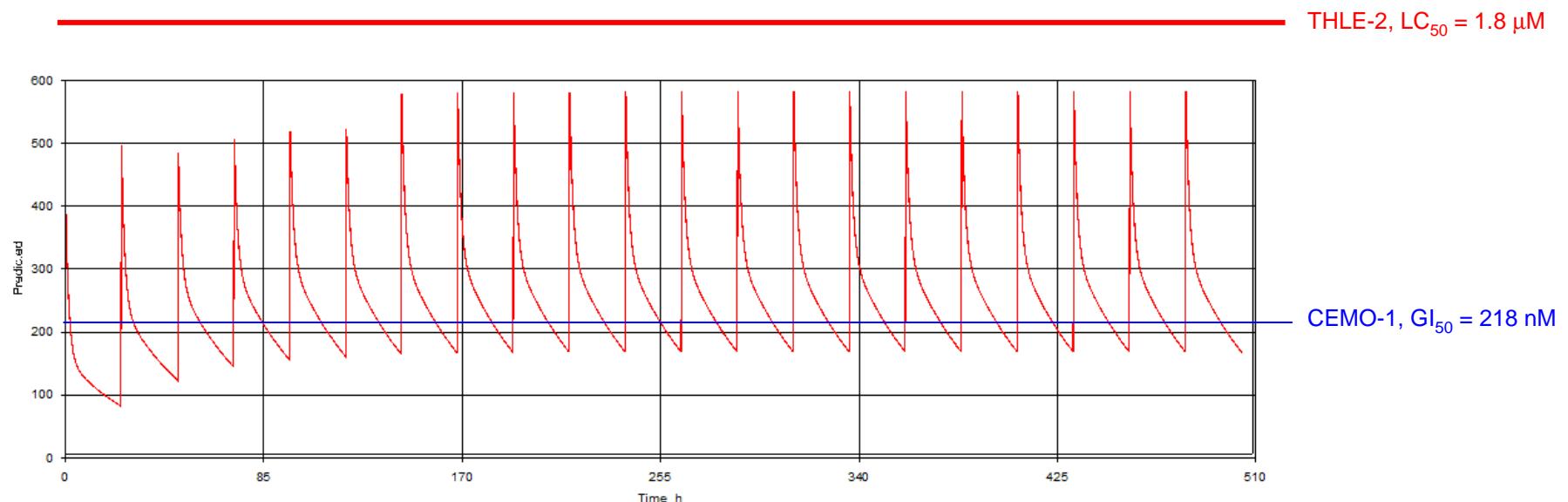


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Targeting Epigenetics

Lead ID. *In-Vivo* Proof-of-Concept (PoC)

- Selected, from our proprietary chemical series, as pharmacological tool compound for *in-vivo* PoC: **CM-272**
- **Pharmacokinetic study & Therapeutic window**
 - Based on PK parameters, *based on i.v. and i.p administration*, simulations of CM-272 plasmatic concentrations



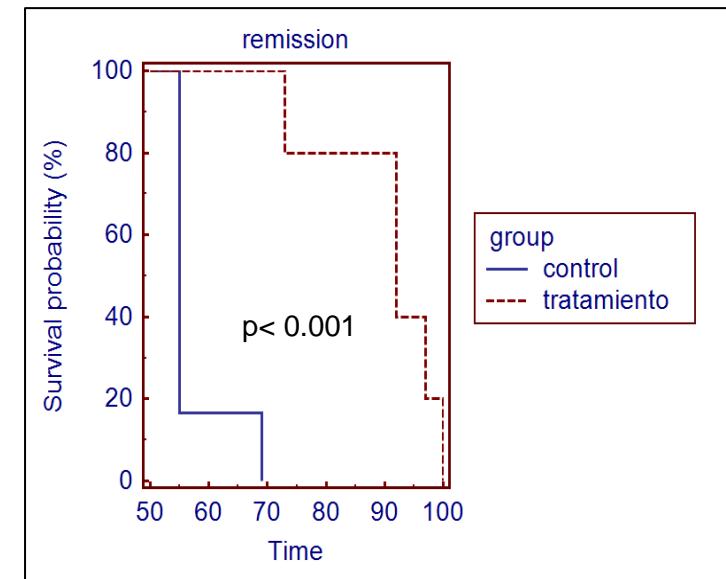
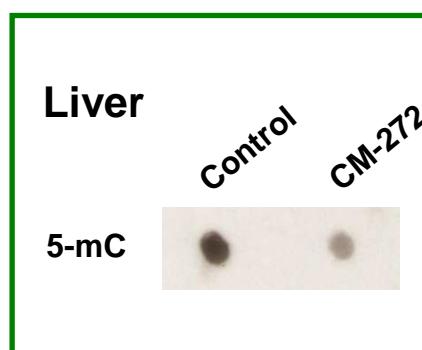
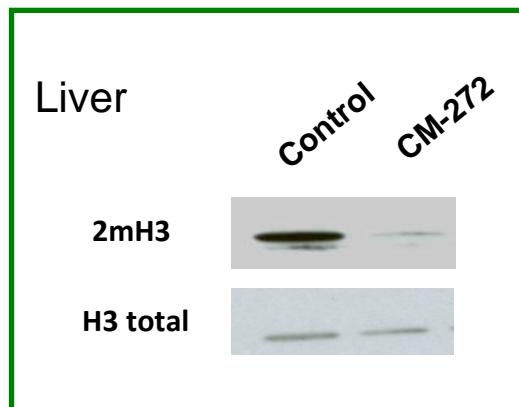
Predicted CM-272 plasmatic concentration (nM) evolution vs time after i.v. (2.5mg/kg) administration every 24 h during 3 weeks.

Lead ID. *In-Vivo* Proof-of-Concept (PoC)

- Selected, from our proprietary chemical series, as pharmacological tool compound for *in-vivo* PoC: **CM-272**

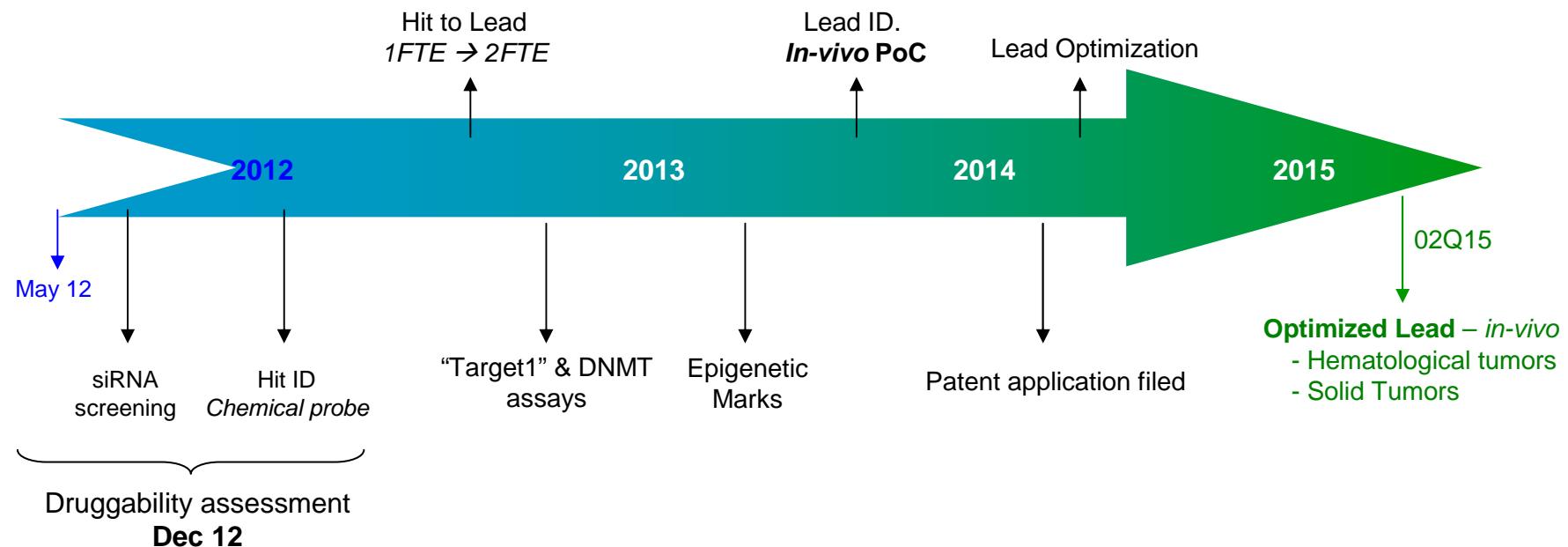


Mice weight (mgs)	% human cells at day 3	control
25	Liver	10,38–34,83%
20	Blood	0–0%
15	Spleen	0,54–1,2%
10	Kidney	18,38–34,83%
5	Bone Marrow	1–1,8%
0		days



Timeline & Next Steps: Lead Optimization

- Timeline



- **Lead Optimization** process is *on-going*, mainly focused on:
 - Improving cell permeability
 - Pharmacokinetics (oral admin)
 - Increasing therapeutic window

Outline

- Institution: CIMA
- Project
- Partnering Opportunities

Partnering Opportunities

- Value Proposition

- Novel Mode of Action: “Target 1” & DNMTs
 - a) Their corresponding functional epigenetic marks overexpressed in several cancer cell lines
 - b) This dual inhibition leads to synergistic effect in epigenetic mechanistic pathway.
- First-in-class dual and reversible inhibitors targetting “Target1” and DNMTs
- Proprietary chemical series; *patent filed in June 2014*
- Pairwise comparison using FDA approved irreversible DNMT inhibitors and “Target 1” reference inhibitors *vs* our dual inhibitors clearly highlights higher efficacy in cell proliferation and apoptosis.
- Identified lead compound for *in-vivo* Proof of Concept:
 - a) Remarkable overall survival, *no toxicity issue*
 - b) Epigenetic marks as biomarkers for efficacy assessment

Partnering Opportunities

- Partnering

Two scenarios are initially envisioned:

- 1.- Product license (IP)
- 2- Stepwise research investment & first option (right of first refusal)

Acknowledgements



Felipe Prosper, PhD Lab.

Xabier Agirre, PhD

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Sergio Roa, PhD

Matias Avila, PhD

Jesús Hernández, PhD

Small Molecule Discovery (SMD) Platform

Obdulia Rabal, PhD

Juan Antonio Sánchez, PhD

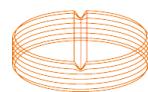
Ana Ugarte, PhD



M. Musheng, PhD

W. Wei, PhD

B. Teng, PhD



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Plataforma Tecnológica Española

farma industria

Thank you !

