

Novel AMPK activators for the treatment of Type 2 Diabetes and related metabolic diseases



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CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIÓN BIOMÉDICA EN RED
DE ENFERMEDADES RARAS



CSIC
CONSEJO SUPERIOR DE INVESTIGACIONES CIENTÍFICAS

Pascual Sanz

Madrid, 17 de noviembre de 2015



MEDICAMENTOS INNOVADORES
Plataforma Tecnológica Española

Content:

- 1.- The Institutions:** - Spanish National Research Council (CSIC)
- Network of Excellence on Rare Diseases (CIBERER-ISCIi)

2.- The Product: New indol-derivatives

- a) Target Indications: AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK)
- b) Innovative mechanism of action. Chemical characteristics
- c) Current status of development
- d) Differential features facing the market
- e) IPR protection
- f) Pitfalls & Risks to be considered

3.- Partnering Opportunities

1.- The Institutions: - Spanish National Research Council (CSIC) - Network of Excellence on Rare Diseases (CIBERER-ISCIi)



- Largest public research organization
- 21 different Center/Institutes in the Biology and Biomedical field



- 11 scientific groups in different research areas: structural biology, genomics, pathophysiology of disease, etc.
- **Nutrient Signalling Unit.** Dr. Sanz: Role of AMPK in cell physiology, regulation of its activity by post-translational modifications



- Network of Excellence on Rare Diseases
- 62 scientific groups, leading the research on different rare diseases
- **U742:** Dr. Pascual Sanz: Rare diseases related to glucose metabolism dysfunction, i.e. Lafora Disease (progressive myoclonus epilepsy)

2a.- The target: AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK)

“Energy sensor”

[AMP]:[ATP]

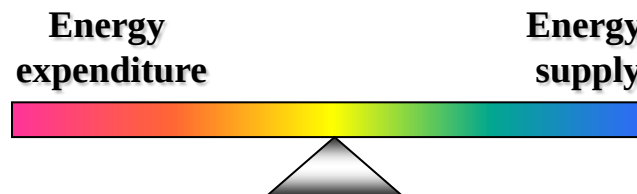
Stress signals

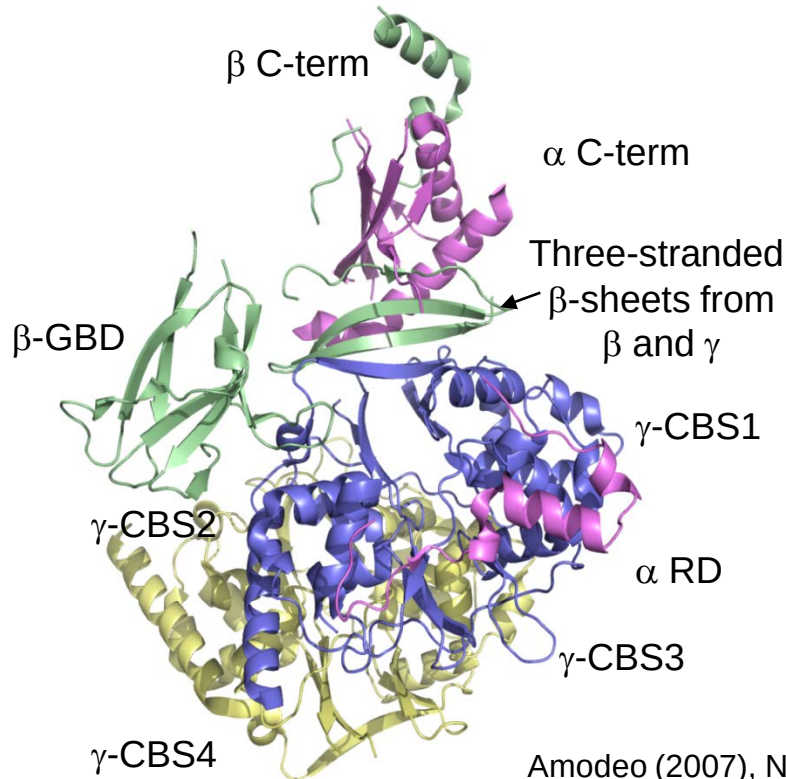
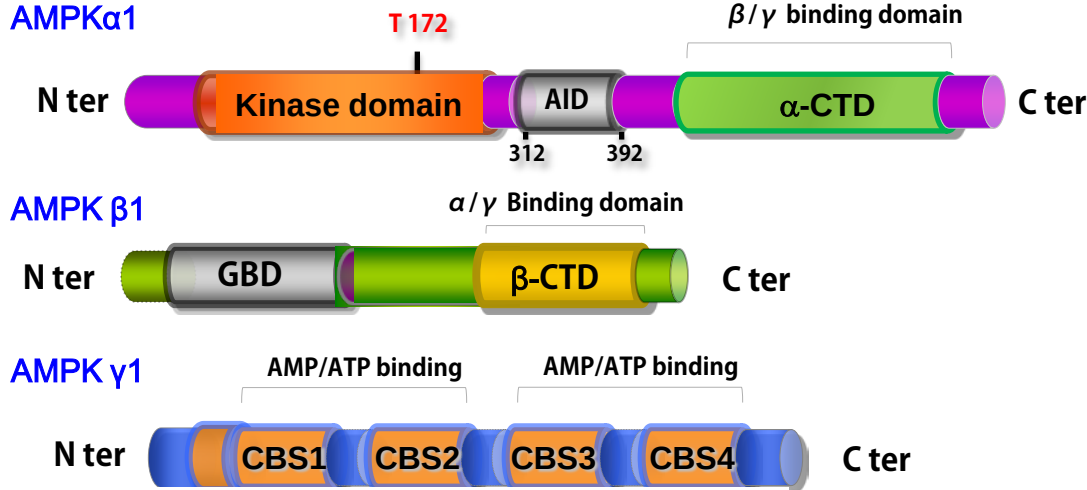
AMPK-P

↓ **Anabolism**

↑ **Catabolism**

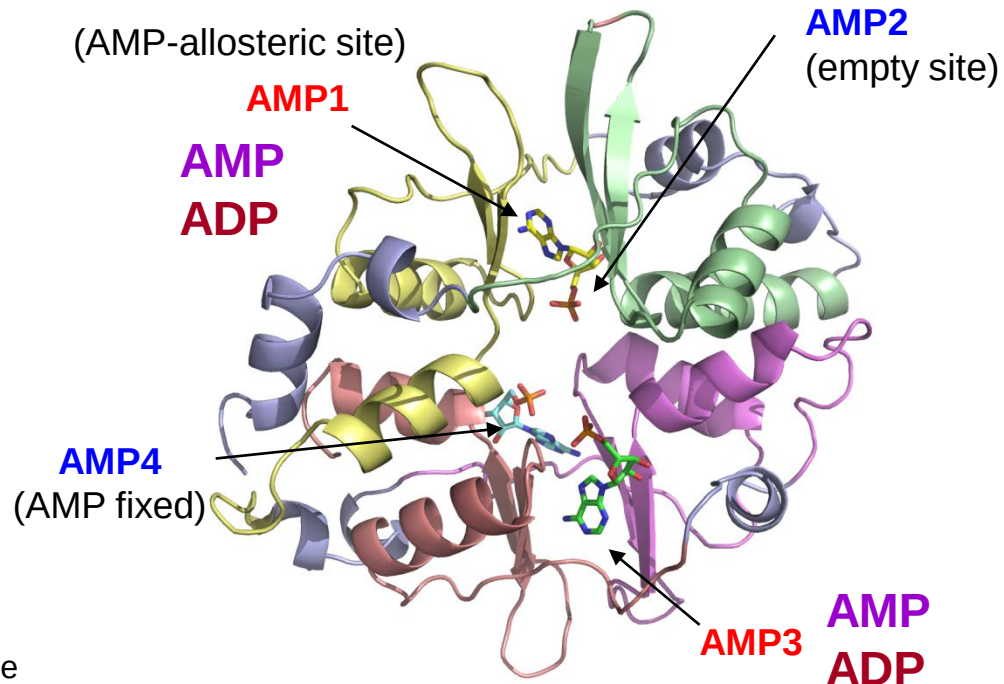
**Long term effects:
Regulation of gene expression**



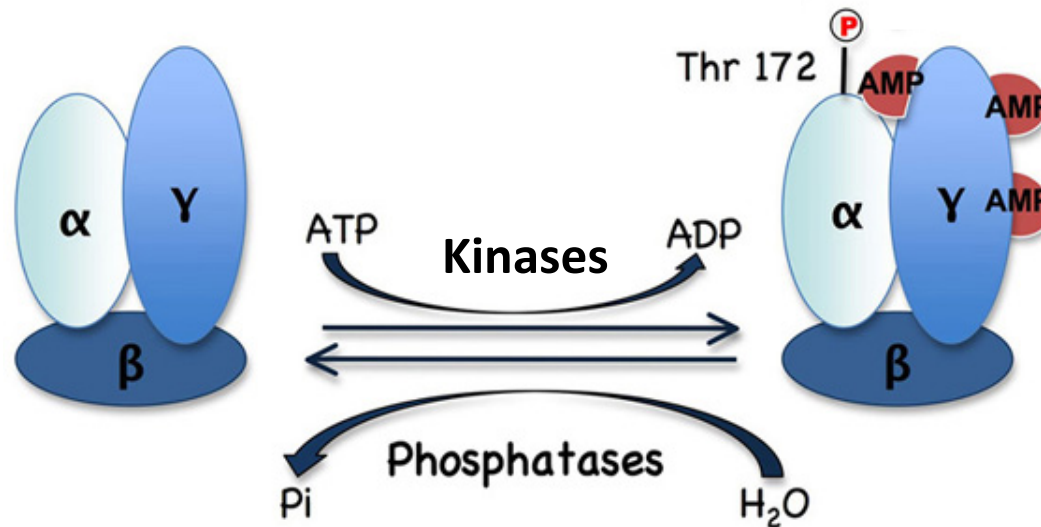


Amodeo (2007), Nature

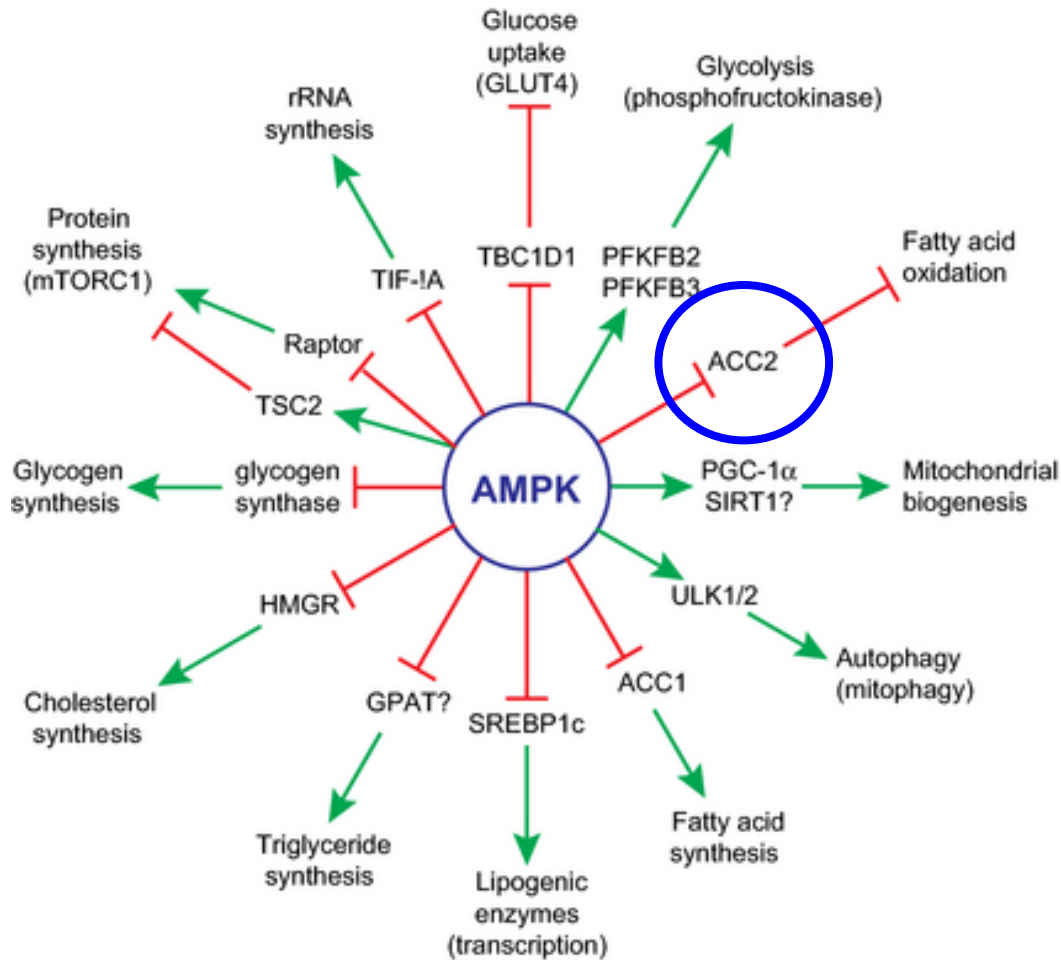
AMP allosteric regulation of AMPK activity



AMP allosteric activation: 10 fold
Phosphorylation α -subunit: 100 fold } 1000 fold



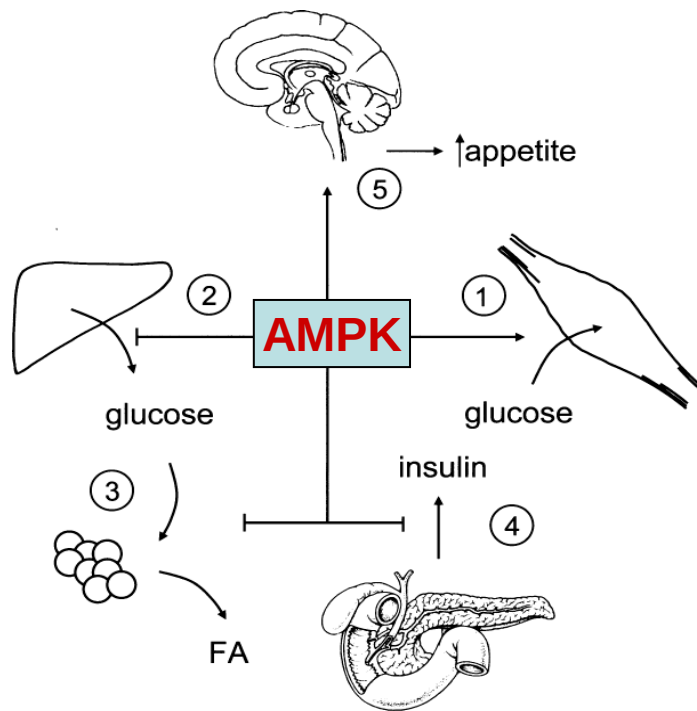
**Catabolic
pathways**



**Anabolic
pathways**

Hardie, 2014 J. Internal Med. 276:543

1) Activation of AMPK by exercise or by pharmacological activators may be useful to correct the metabolic defects of patients suffering from insulin resistance, type 2 diabetes and obesity.



2) Metformin (oral antidiabetic drug) is able to activate AMPK.

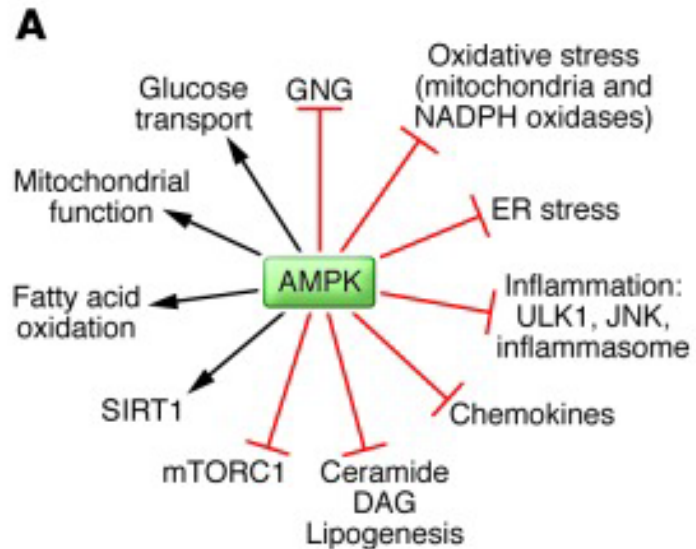
3) In addition to its action on peripheral tissues, AMPK plays a role at the CNS.

1) Role of AMPK in inflammatory disease

- AMPK attenuates production of inflammatory cytokines
- By enhancing fatty acid oxidation, AMPK attenuates production of proinflammatory diacylglycerol
- AMPK attenuates oxidative stress

Hardie, 2014 J. Internal Med. 276:543

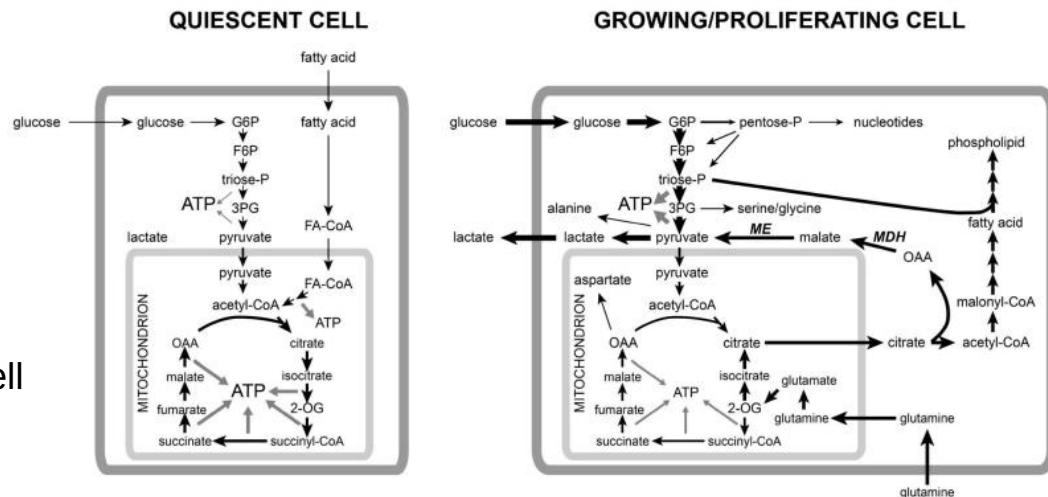
Dandapani M, Hardie DG. Biochem Soc Trans. 2013, 41:687



Ruderman et al., 2013 J Clin Invest 123: 2764

2) Role of AMPK in cancer

- AMPK activation tends to promote the more energy-efficient **oxidative metabolism**, thus opposing the switch to aerobic glycolysis observed in many tumour cells
- AMPK **inhibits mTOR function**, preventing cell proliferation



2b.- Innovative mechanisms of action

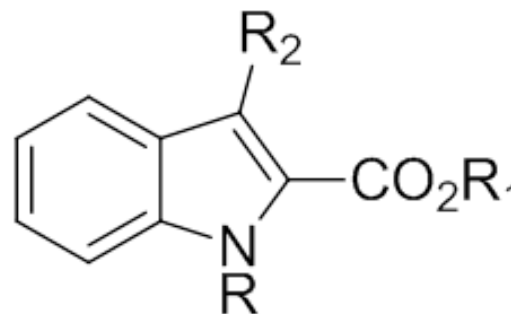
a) Chemical characteristics.

New indole-derivatives

- **Small** molecules
- **Simple** synthesis procedure
- **Inexpensive** starting material
- **Pharmacological profile** related to the chemical class of R substituents
- **Lead compounds** for further optimization

Dr. Ana Castro

Instituto de Química Médica (CSIC)



IQM_AC1303

IQM_AC1311

IQM_AC1316

2b.- Innovative mechanisms of action

b) *In silico* ADME Properties.

Compound	IQM_AC1303	IQM_AC1311	IQM_AC1316
QPlogS ^a	-5.123	-7.090	-5.949
QPPCaco ^b	91.988	282.733	214.357
QPPMDCK ^c	47.721	160.617	119.077
HumanOralAbsorption (%) ^d	85.952	95.420	85.392

^a Predicted aqueous solubility [range of 95% of drugs: -6.5 to +0.5].

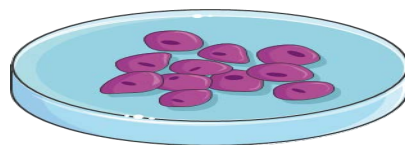
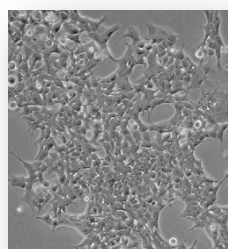
^b Apparent Caco-2 cell permeability (nm/s) [<25, poor; >500, excellent]

^c Apparent MDCK cell permeability (nm/s) [<25, poor; >500, excellent].

^d Human oral absorption in gastro-intestinal tract [<25% is poor].

(QikProp Program, Schrödinger)

2c.- Current status of development



HEK293 cells

1 hour



5 mM phenformin

or

IQM_ACs

Cell extracts

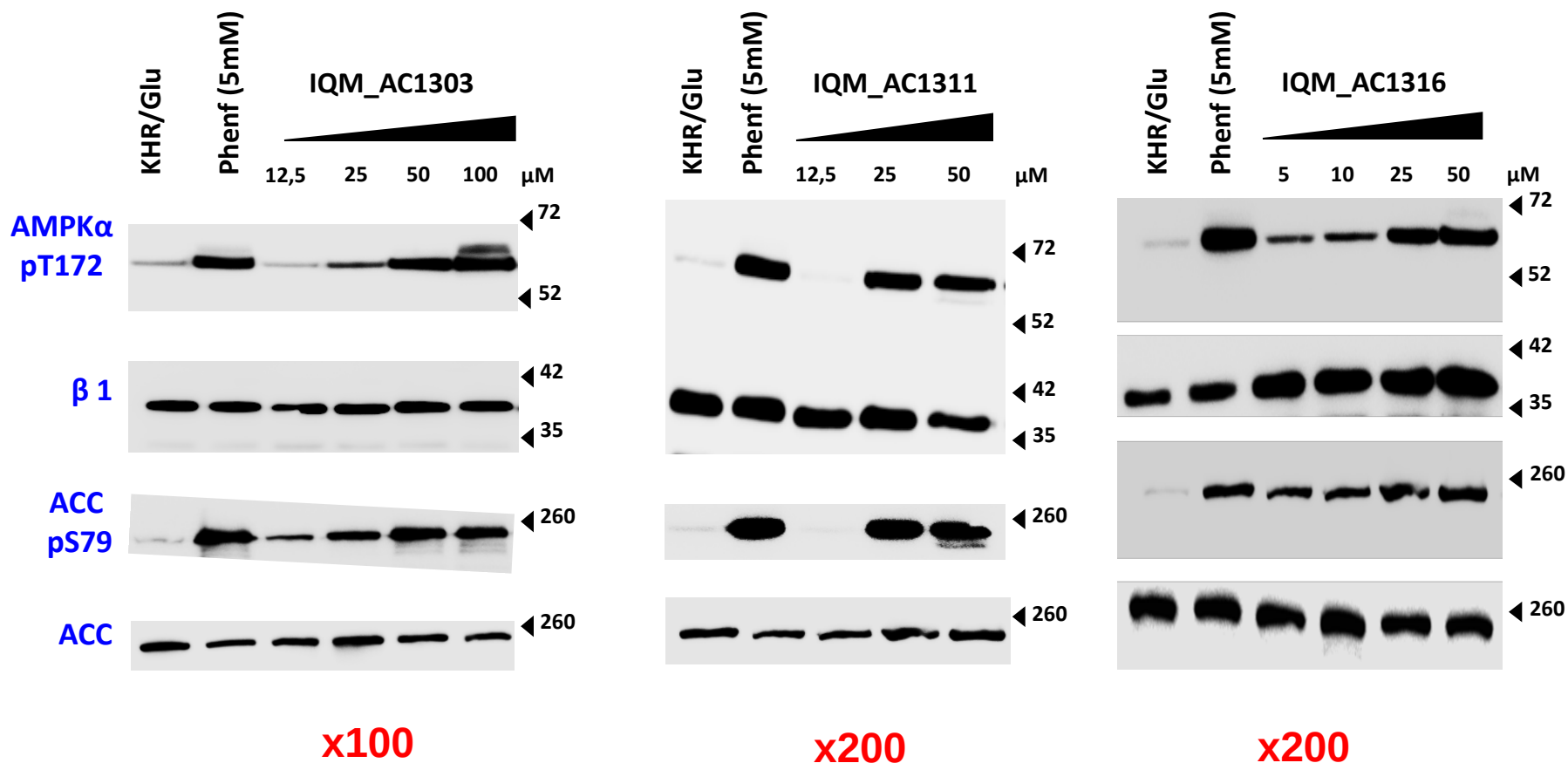
pT172-AMPK/AMPK

pACC/ACC

IQM_ACs compounds are:
water soluble,
entry cells,
and exerts there their function

2c.- Current status of development

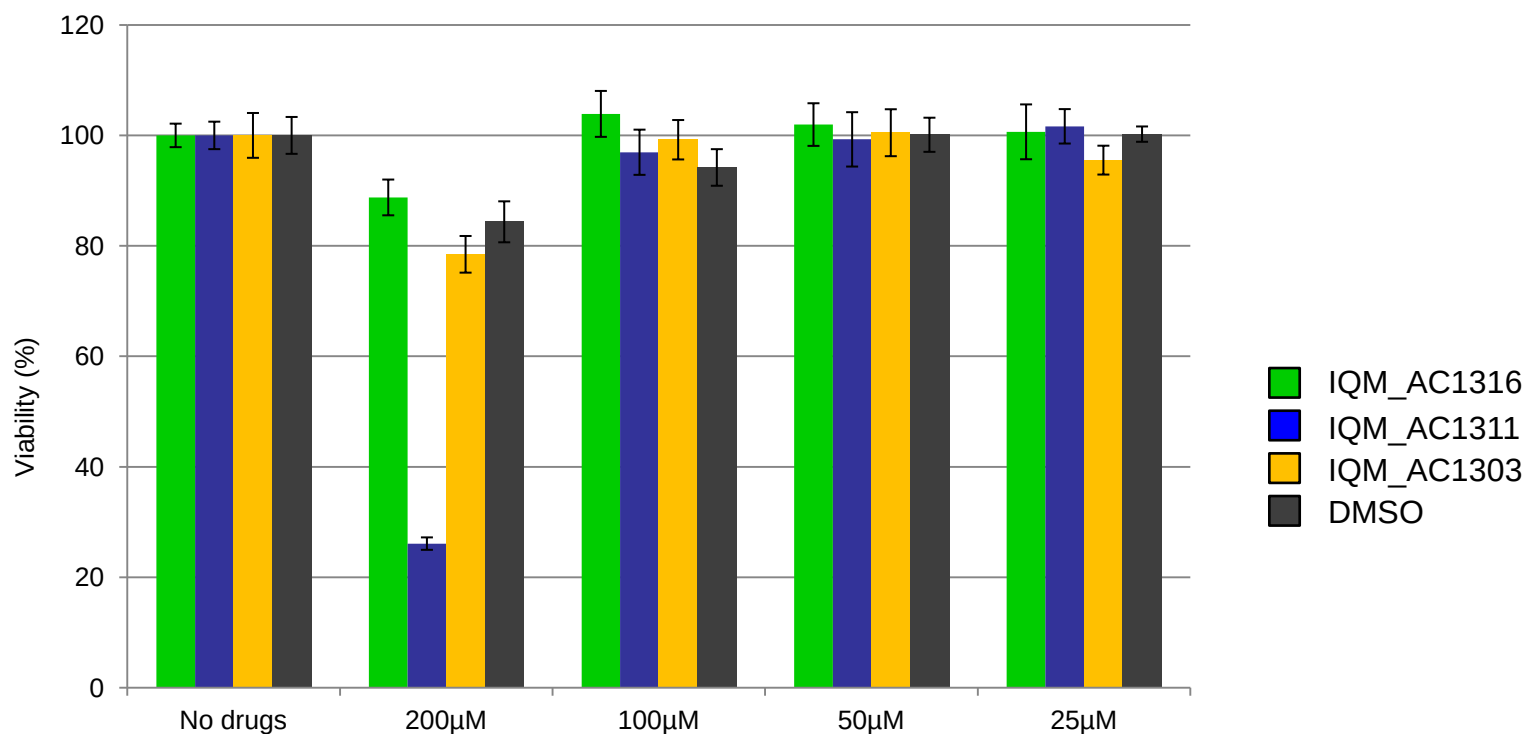
Effect of products on AMPK activity



2c.- Current status of development

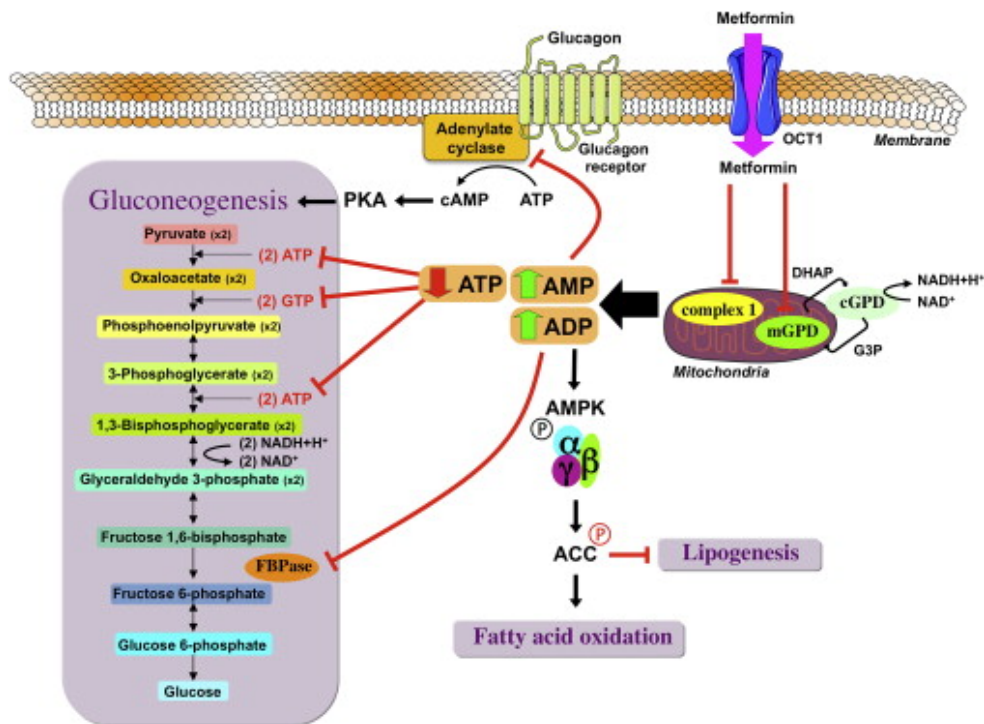
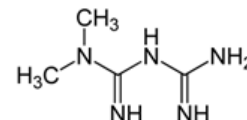
Viability assays

Neuro2A



2d.- Differential features facing the market

Metformin



Foretz et al., 2014 Cell Metab 20:953

But

- High dose of around 2g/day
- Indirect activator of AMPK, through inhibition of complex-I of the respiratory chain
- AMPK-independent effects
- Main function at the liver

Adverse effects

- Risk of lactic acidosis
- Gastrointestinal disturbance

Pernicova et al., 2014 Nat. Rev.Endocrinol 10:143

Pryor et al., 2015. Biochem J. 471:307

2e.- IPR protection

Autores: Ana Castro Morera, Pascual Sanz Bigorra, Marta Vela Ruiz y Maria Adelaida Garcia-Gimeno.

Título: Derivados de indol para la prevención y/o tratamiento de diabetes y trastornos metabólicos relacionados.

Nº de registro: PCT/ES2015/070677 Año: 2015

Países: España y países cubiertos por la PCT.

Entidad titular: Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas y Centro de Investigación Biomédica en Red (CIBER).

2f.- Pitfalls & Risks to be considered

- No data on the mechanism of action of the new compounds
- No data on the action of the new compounds on alternative signaling pathways
- Project in early stages of drug development

3.- Partnering Opportunities

- Companies with interest to license our research work
- Companies with interest to grant *in vivo* experiments to evaluate IQM_AC products in a model of diabetes
- Companies with interest to grant a project centered in the optimization of IQM_AC derivatives or alternative AMPK activators

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